

THE NEW NORTH.

VOLUME 15, NO. 22.

RHINELANDER, WISCONSIN, THURSDAY, JULY 22, 1897.

TERMS—\$1.50 IN ADVANCE

PROSPERITY...

Is not all a matter of earning, it's a matter of saving as well. No matter how much a man earns, if it is carelessly expended. Careful buying and a sharp watch for every opportunity to save, whether the amount is a dollar or a dime, will count for prosperity in the long run. The mission of this store is to help you save—not because we pose as public benefactors, but because we want your trade, and expect to get it if we save you money. We can do that any and every day in the year, and can convince you of this fact any time you visit the store. We quote some prices below to show you that you will not make a mistake if you come here for your values.

ALL 75c SHIRT WAISTS,.....	36c
ALL \$1.00 and \$1.25 SHIRT WAISTS,.....	75c
ALL \$1.50 and \$2.00 SHIRT WAISTS,.....	\$1.00
ALL 8c and 10c WASH GOODS,.....	5c
ALL 12 1/2c and 15c WASH GOODS,.....	10c
ALL 18c, 20c and 25c WASH GOODS,.....	12 1/2c

Crusoe's Bargain Dept. Store.
Cash and One Price.

A good towel for 2c at the Cash Department Store.

W. H. Miller, of Duluth, spent Sunday in Rhinelander.

Rev. G. H. Kemp preached at Woodborn on Wednesday.

E. C. Cleveland, of Pennington, was in this city a few hours Monday.

J. H. Rogers, of Eagle River, spent a portion of last week in this city.

Men's straw hats ranging in prices up to 50c now 25c at the Cash Department Store.

J. T. Ellerson, state game warden, of Wautoma, was a Rhinelander visitor this week.

Geo. Ulrich and wife, of Oshkosh, arrived in this city Saturday, and will remain for a few weeks.

A. W. Shelton and family enjoyed an outing in Northern Wisconsin last week. They returned Friday.

A teachers institute is being held at the high school building this week. There are about thirty teachers in attendance.

Shoes whose quality has not been shrunken to the sensational price point. Sound shoes, sensible prices. Cash Department Store.

Lewis Larson and wife have been spending two or three weeks with old friends in Waupaca county. They returned Thursday.

S. M. Baraba, employed in the clothing store of W. L. Beers, has gone to his home at High Bridge, Wis., for a month's vacation.

McCall's Patterns are winning favors wherever they are used. Sales on a steady increase. Try them—only 10 and 15 cents at the Cash Department Store.

Paul Browne spent a few days at Waupaca last week. He was accompanied on his return Saturday by his son Gary, who had been visiting his grandparents there for several weeks.

Satisfaction is the harbor your confidence will reach under our pilotage. We are competent mariners, and keep our ship in the eye of the wind. Entrust yourselves to our care and we will not abuse the confidence.

Crusoe's Bargain Dept. Store.

A. O. Jenne was over from Woodborn yesterday.

\$2.75 Parasols at Gray's for \$1.50. Only a few left.

Miss Jennie Barnes returned from her Milwaukee trip Monday.

Ladies' summer underwear at less than cost at the Cash Department Store.

Miss Belle Goom returned to her home in this city last week, after a visit with friends in Merrill.

Hugh Calkins, at one time in the barber business here, but lately of Antigo, arrived in town last week.

Men's Balbriggan underwear sells everywhere for 50c; our price 25c. Cash Department Store.

Mrs. B. F. Edwards and children returned Saturday from a month's visit at Waupaca with Mrs. Edwards' parents.

Brooks Edwards departed Saturday noon, for Winneconne and Oshkosh, where he will remain with relatives for about two weeks.

Ely Sterling, who has been spending several weeks with his sister, Mrs. A. D. Daniels, left for his home at New London, last Saturday.

Miss Grace Dunn returned Thursday from a two week's visit at Tomahawk with her sister, Mrs. Warren Reed.

The Cash Department Store is the store that never failed—to give their customers full value for their money. No deception. Fair and square dealing always.

Rev. S. H. Sheard, pastor of the M. E. church in this city, was granted a six week's vacation, and he and his family departed Monday for Rochester, where they will remain a portion of the time.

Remember we are the only ones who carry the Henderson Corset in the city. Take nothing "just as good" but get the best at the Cash Department Store.

Ben. Cohen, of Detroit, Mich., spent Sunday with his brother Izzy, in this city. Ben is a traveling representative of the Duro Metal Co., of Detroit, and while here interested several of the mill firms in the material, which is of the babbit order.

W. D. Gumaer, of Phillips, was a guest at the Rapids House the fore part of the week.

E. A. Tobey and W. A. Hillburn, accompanied by their wives and families, spent Sunday at Lake George.

W. A. Jamison, of Stillwater, Minn., is visiting with the family of Dr. E. H. Keith this week. Mrs. Keith is Mr. Jamison's sister.

A. O. Hitzgerman is building a residence in the Sixth ward which will, when completed, add considerably to the good looks of the neighborhood.

If you had gold on your lot come and spend it with us. We are making extraordinary offerings during our semi-annual clearing sale, which lasts through July.

IRVIN GRAY.

Rev. G. H. Kemp will preach on Sunday morning at the Congregational Church at 10:30. In the evening at 8. The meeting will be under the auspices of the Men's Club.

T. R. French and wife, of Lincoln, Feb., are in the city, guests at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Bronson. Mr. French is one of the firm of Wixson, Bronson & French, of this city.

County Supt. Mason has completed the school census, and the result shows an increase of forty-eight over that of last year. The number this year is 1285; in '96 it was 1237 and in '95, 1237.

H. C. Braeger left for Wausau Saturday where he joined his wife and family who have been visiting relatives and friends there for some weeks. He was accompanied home by them Monday.

G. W. Bliss, County Supt. of Schools of Forest county, who has been conducting a summer school for teachers in this city, has been engaged as principal of the Prentice schools for the coming year.

Miss May McDonald, who has been teaching at Saxon, Wis., arrived home last week to spend the remainder of her vacation. After closing her school she took a trip to Ashland, Superior and Duluth, where she spent about two weeks.

Chas. Cronkhill, wife and son of Hurley, were at the Fuller House in this city over Sunday. They started on their wheels Monday morning, for Chicago, intending to make the whole trip on their wheels, going by way of Plainfield and Fond du Lac.

Elliot T. Slocum, accompanied by his son and two nephews, Giles B. and Elliot S. Nichols, all of Detroit, Mich., have been enjoying a week's outing at the lakes in this section. Mr. Slocum has quite a property interest in Oneida county, being the owner of ten thousand acres of valuable land.

Look over the line of "Lightning" Ice Cream Freezers at Clark & Lennon's. All sizes, from one to twelve quarts, at very low prices. The machines are quadruple in their action, and freeze quicker and easier, making more ice cream from a given quantity of cream than any freezer on the market. Call and see them.

James R. Howe, formerly connected with the Herald in this city, who has been doing editorial work on the Fond du Lac Reporter, for the past two years, has resigned his position on that paper, and will undoubtedly launch out in the newspaper business for himself soon. Mr. Howe is a bright young man, a good writer and newspaper man generally, and the New North wishes him success.

Prof. Harvey, president of the Milwaukee Normal, will deliver a lecture at the High School room in this city tonight. He will speak on Psychology, and while it will be of special interest and benefit to teachers, everyone who is interested in higher education should hear it. Prof. Harvey is one of the best lecturers in Wisconsin, and all should avail themselves of this opportunity to hear him. The lecture is free.

A jolly party of young people, chaperoned by W. B. LaSelle, are enjoying an outing at Tomahawk Lake. They went out last Friday and expect to return next Monday. The party includes the Misses Anna and Ethel LaSelle, Mabel Chaffee, Helen and Anna Alban, of Rhinelander, Margaret Gumaer, of Oshkosh, and Marie Johnson, of Wausau, and Messrs. Ray LaSelle, Henry O'Connor, Lute Wheeler, Charles McIndoe, Allen James and Sam Walker. Ernest Mettlejohn spent Sunday with the party.

Rhinelander's Klondike.

Excitement ran high on the streets Tuesday, owing to the wide spread report that gold had been discovered in fabulous quantities in a potato field owned by August Bernd, the Brown street shoeman. Men who had been putting in all their time of late talking of the great wealth of the Klondike district in the Yukon country, suddenly stopped and looked with questioning eyes at his neighbor. It was said that a large quantity of dirt rich with the yellow metal had been dug up in a field in the city, and that it could be seen by those who doubted the report. Mr. Bernd was offered \$2,000 for the lot before he had time to think over his line of action, but he refused the offer, probably thinking that if his property was worth that amount it would be well to keep it a little longer. His place of business was besieged with interested visitors and he told them all his story, and strange to say some of his callers went away with smiles on their faces. In the afternoon he was informed that a claim had been staked out on his lot and that dirt was being taken off the premises by the peck. On the strength of these reports Mr. Bernd concluded to keep on selling shoes at the old figure. He still owns the lot and the gold fever has died down.

Fats vs. Leans.

The ball game at the Fair Grounds Sunday, between the Fats and Leans was witnessed by a large number considering the terrible heat. It was pitiful to see Shortstop Beck endeavor to keep cool. Five innings were played and the Leans were victorious by a score of 12 to 10. The Fats acquitted themselves well and several plays made by them elicited shouts of approval. Mike Kearns, at first, Felix Dolan, second and Will Harrigan as catcher, worked like professionals, and to say that Beck played ball would be putting it mild. L. J. allowed nothing to get by him. He stopped everything that came his way, and the way he made the stops caused many a spectator to take a shot at him with the kodak. The Leans were enabled to play without much inconvenience. There was no adipose tissue to handicap and they flew around the diamond like mosquitos and touched up Pitcher Blitch's delivery in great shape. The game was interesting to the spectators and furnished much amusement.

Street Improvement.

Considerable good street work is being done in the Sixth ward, and the residents of that part of the city are duly grateful to Controller S. M. Hutchinson for it. The streets in that portion of town were opened five years ago, and no work has ever been done on them since. The condition of some of them was a disgrace to the city and those having the improvements in charge. The street leading to St. Mary's Hospital, between the residences of H. Barber and Ed. Rogers, has been receiving the attention of Street Commissioner Vetting and his crew during the past week, and when they have finished will be in pretty good shape. It has been graded and graveled, and if there was one particular locality in Rhinelander that needed it, this was the one.

To be Lighted With Gas.

Arrangements were perfected last week whereby two gas machines will be introduced in Rhinelander. One will be placed in the store of Beers & Co., and the other in the Kathan residence, being fitted up by G. S. Coon. E. L. Binkk will put in the machines, which will be placed on trial until their successful operation is assured. Should the new appliance do what is claimed for it, many more will be put in, as the cost of lighting is less than that of kerosene, and much more satisfactory.

Excursion to Tomahawk Lake.

The Scandinavian Aid and Fellowship Society will hold their Second Annual Picnic at Tomahawk Lake, Sunday, July 25. An excursion train will be run on the Northwestern road, leaving the station here at 7:20 a. m., returning from the lake at 5:20 p. m. The Rhinelander band and orchestra will accompany the excursion. Refreshments will be sold on the picnic grounds by the society. All are invited. Round trip tickets, including passage on the steamer Oshkosh, 75 cents, now on sale at Segerstrom's Jewelry store.

C. H. Curtiss and Geo. T. Brown, of Oshkosh, were registered at the Rapids House Tuesday.



GOLD

DISCOVERED IN

RHINELANDER.

But it is no good to one if they can't spend it. We all like to spend our gold, that is if we have it to spend. But we don't like to be guiled out of it. If you do your trading at

GRAY'S

you always get value received, and know just what you are getting.

There is One Week More of Our

SEMI-ANNUAL

CLEARING SALE.

Our stock of Summer Goods is badly broken up. we have gathered together what there is left in the different lines and put them into lots, and marked them down where they must go.

Wrappers, Shirt Waists,
Wash Goods, Wash Silks,
Ladies', Gents', Misses'
Boy's and Children's Underwear
and Hosiery.

In Ladies' Shoes we are making a deep cut. Oxford Ties and Colored Shoes have been marked regardless of cost. We still have a few Children's and Misses' Oxblood Shoes we do not want to carry over.

Come and Get Them at Some Price.

Shirt Waists.

The 48 c and 60 c waists have been put in one lot and marked at 29 c.

The 75 c and 85 c waists with detachable collars and cuffs will be sold together at 58 c.

The 98 c and \$1.19 waists with collar and cuffs detachable, are in one lot and will go at 69 c.

Wrappers.

A few more 75 c wrappers at 55 c.

The 98 c ones are marked 63 c.

The \$1.19 wrappers are put in this sale at 88 c, and the \$1.38 and \$1.42 wrappers go at 98 c and \$1.05.

CRASH SUITS.

We haven't all sizes in these suits but you can have what are left for \$1.69 for Shirt and Blazer.

PERCALES.

36 inch Percales in light and dark colors at 7 cents. Former price 10 cents.

36 inch Percales, very heavy, always sold at 12 1/2 and 15 cents. Now 10 cents.

The job of corsets we advertised a short time ago at 19 c to \$1.25 which sold regularly at 50 c to \$2.00, is badly rim-racked in sizes so we have just taken and cut the price again in order to clean them up. This will be the last week of the Clearing Sale. If there are any wants that have not been filled in the dry goods line now is the time and this is the place to let such wants be known.

Brown Street.

IRVIN GRAY.

CLARK & ICE CO.

Phosphates and
THE PALACE DRUG

LOCAL TIME TABLES.

A Yankee Farmer in Florida.

BY R. G. ROBINSON.

chairs. Here, you come hold the plow and I'll lead him a bit."

So Sadie took the plow handles, and Dave, taking hold of the bridle, said: "Now come right along, you ugly beast, you!" at the same time giving him a kick.

There was another start and sudden tug; the plow catching on a root, the handles flew up and knocked the luckless Sadie into a sitting position several yards away; the pony stopped and rested.

"Well, I'll be jiggered!" said Dave. "But I tell you, Sadie, I know it can be done, and, what's more, if we're to have anything to eat next winter, it's got to be done. I wonder what ails the beast." And he sat down to think it out.

Presently he said: "I'll tell you what's the matter, Sadie; funny I didn't think of it before. He's used to having somebody ride him when he's working, and he don't know how to go without. You always see these Crackers riding their horses when they're drawing a cart, and I guess it's the same way with plowing. Now, you just take hold of the handles again and I'll try riding him, and I guess we'll make it all right."

"Oh, Dave," said Sadie, "I've just had all the breath knocked out of me, and I don't want to again."

"There's no danger, Sadie," said Dave. "Being on his back, I can manage him better, and we'll go carefully; besides, you needn't lean over the plow like you did; just walk far back and stick your arm out, and you'll be safe enough."

Thus persuaded, Sadie again essayed the task, and Dave, jumping astride the beast and jabbing his heels into its flanks, said: "Now get up, sir, get up!"

He got up a little in the rear quarters, quite as much as a pony of his size could with 250 pounds avoirdupois on his back; he grunted and snorted, but forward he did not go an inch. Dave said: "You speak to him, Sadie; you're driving now."

And Sadie said: "Get up, pony! get up, you dear little fellow!" As before, he got up with his hind feet just as far as he could, but his fore feet remained fixed and stationary.

Again remarking: "I'll be jiggered!" Dave dismounted, and taking a seat on the ground, put on his thinking cap.

The result of his meditation was this: "Sadie, I'm too heavy for him, that's what's the matter; he's been used to having a boy or a Cracker man ride him, and you never saw a Cracker that weighed anything to speak of. I'll tell you what, Sadie; you must ride him and I'll hold the plow. Strange I didn't think of that before. I'll be fun for you, and I'm sure we'll get right along."

"Oh, Dave, Dave," said Sadie, "I do want to help you all I can, but really and truly I can't do that, you know; there's no saddle, and I'd be scared to death."

"Sadie," said Dave, "you're got to get used to being a farmer's wife, and you'd just as well begin right now. There isn't a particle of danger; with your light weight he'll move right off, smooth and easy; and, really, it's our only chance, you know, for something to eat next winter."

Sadie, with a fine regard for her promise to love, honor and obey, said a silent prayer, allowed herself to be lifted on the pony, and with trembling hands grasped the reins as she was instructed.

Then Dave, holding the plow, urged the pony to go; but go he wouldn't.

"Kick him, Sadie! Kick him!" cried Dave, and Sadie kicked and kicked again, but the beast only backed and snorted.

Dave's stock of patience was getting exhausted, and he said: "You just wait a minute, Sadie. I'll get a switch and persuade him a little."

So he cut down a small oak sapling, about ten feet high, trimmed off the leaves and twigs, and, taking a stand back of the pony, at right angles to the plow, said: "Now look out, Sadie! I think he'll start." And he brought his "switch" down with all his force across the pony's back.

He started; there could be no question about that. The plow was jerked high in the air, and the next instant the pony was flying across the field with poor Sadie clinging frantically to the harness.

When he reached the rail fence on the far side of the field he went right on over, like a trained hunter; but the plow catching on the near side, he was jerked back by the traces and came down on his haunches on the other side, while Sadie went on and on in a series of remarkable somersaults.

When Dave reached the spot, the pony was sitting, and so was Sadie, but at some distance apart.

"Sadie, dear!" he exclaimed, "are you hurt?"

"I don't know, Dave," she said, "but it appears as if I'm considerably shook up."

"Well, you just wait a minute till I fix this beast," said Dave; and, taking a broken fence rail, he brought it down with all his might across the top of the pony's head, knocking it limp and senseless.

"Oh, Dave," said Sadie, looking around just then, "you're killed him!"

"I don't care if I have," said Dave. "If he won't plow he'd better be dead, and save his feed. Anyhow, Sadie, I'm done with farming. Anybody that wants to can plow. I don't!"

Sadie approved the resolution. Her ambition to be a farmer's wife having cooled considerably. Dave shouldered the plow and gear, and they wandered their way homeward, leaving the pony for dead.

Texas ponies, however, are tough, and this one "came to" some time during the day, and wandered home in time for supper. He proved a capital saddle animal, and, having eschewed plowing, Dave became a hunter and sold his reason to buy flour.—Lippincott's Magazine.

—The family of the late secretary of the treasury, Daniel Manning, has had cast in Troy, N. Y., a 100-pound bell for the United States cruiser which bears his name.

BUILDING AND SCIENCE.

ART IN ARCHITECTURE.

Designed and Written Especially for This Paper.

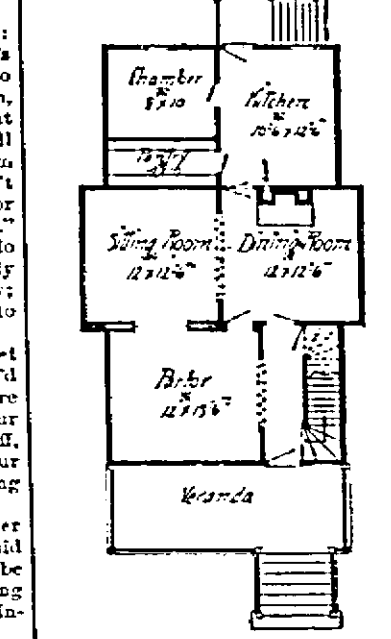
This ten-room residence will cost \$22,000.

The foundation is of rubble stone 18 inches thick, having projecting course for footings.

The size of parlor is 12x13 feet 6 inches; sitting-room, 12x12 feet 6 inches; dining-room, 12x12 feet 6 inches; kitchen, 10 feet 6 inches by 12 feet 6 inches; chambers, 8x10 feet, 12 feet 6 inches by 13 feet 6 inches, 12x12 feet, 9x10 feet, 7x9 feet and 9x9 feet. The parlor has one very large



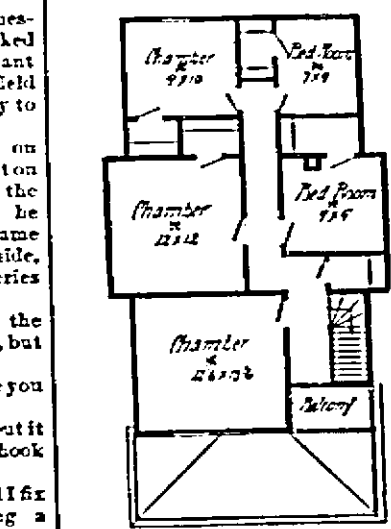
window, with plate glass and art glass transom over raised opening between parlor and front hall; sliding doors between parlor and sitting room; swinging door between parlor and dining room; raised opening between sitting and dining rooms; fireplace with wood mantel in dining room; double swing door between dining room and kitchen; pantry off kitchen, size 4x10 feet. All chambers have large closets. The floors of front hall and dining room



must be of red oak, and the kitchen and pantry floors of maple.

All other floors will be pine; all finished floors to be laid with narrow-face lumber. The balcony on the second floor will have a tin deck. Apex of front gable is filled with composition carving, down spouts, gutters, finials, flashing and valleys to be made of tin. All glass to be American double thick, free from burns and defects of all kinds.

Front door to have two-inch beveled plate glass. The entire house is piped for gas and furnace. The fruit room,



furnace room and coal room, ash room and storage room are in the basement. All floors are double, with tar paper between. The exterior of the house is sheathed with fence flooring and sided with O. G. siding, narrow faces. Tar paper will be placed between sheathing and siding. All shingles are of red wood or cedar. Joists are 2x10 inches, 16 inches on centers; studs 2x4 inches, 16 inches on centers; rafters, 2x6 inches, 20 inches on centers; wall plates, double, 2x10 inches, broken joints well anchored to wall, with wrought iron anchors.

The parlor, sitting room, dining room and hall are finished in Georgia pine; all other rooms in pine for painting.

The exterior of the house will look well painted white with blue-gray trimmings; shades of steps, dark gray; roof, yellow-ochre color; chimneys, above roof, yellow brick. The height of first and second stories is 9 feet 6 inches; basement, 7 feet. All hard-

kind; plastering, two coats; painting for the exterior, three coats. All trimmers and wood for finishing must be free from defects of any kind. The house when completed must be left in a first-class condition, ready for occupancy.

GEORGE A. W. KINTZ.

THE HUMAN BRAIN.

A New Theory Advanced by a Favorably Known Anatomist.

The theory of Dr. George M. Kellogg, the veteran anatomist, is that the brain, like the eyes, ears, hands, etc., is a double organ, in fact, that we have two brains. The greater number of nerves leading from each half of the brain to the half of the body, which they govern, cross before connecting with the body. Only about one-tenth of the nerves coming from each side of the brain connect directly with the corresponding side of the body. All mammals are made up of paired organs, nerves, muscles and limbs. Each side is a duplicate of the other in structure, function and form, except that they are reversals of each other. Man alone, as a result of habit, uses the right side of his body in preference to the left. This has tended to make the left hemisphere of the brain predominant. When a movement is made, the brain records it, and there is a slight change in development. If the nerves running to one-half of the brain are but little used, they do not act voluntarily. The left side of the brain soon becomes anxious to do all the work. Frequently persons injured over the third left frontal area of the brain have become mutes, and then been educated to speak by training the right brain. Dr. Kellogg thinks children should be taught to use both sides of the body equally from earliest infancy. Leonardo da Vinci and Michael Angelo were both ambidextrous. This enabled them to rest first one hand and then the other without interrupting their work. The late Dr. Alexander Mott used equally well either hand in writing or the most delicate operations, and in nice dissecting. He was for years one of the most skillful operators in New York. Dr. Kellogg desires a race with two perfect hands and a double brain, wealthily responsive, each to each, through those exquisite conductors, the nerves.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

LIGHT WITHOUT WIRES.

New Field of Electric Lighting Opened by McFarren Moore.

Two years ago it appeared probable that Tesla would develop the possibilities of cold lighting, but after taking the first photograph by his aid other matters called for his attention. It was left to McFarren Moore to demonstrate what could be done in this special field of electric lighting. Last year he made public some wonderful results of his labors. But some critics believed that the vibrator which caused the disruptive break upon which the lighting depended would mar the success of the system. Mr. Moore then worked on this weak point for 12 months. A rotor now takes the place of the vibrator. One rotor and coils transform the current for a series of tubes, and only one twenty-fifth as much apparatus is required. Fifty thousand breaks per minute are possible. There is a wonderful strength, steadiness and evenness of the tone of the light in the tubes. The apparatus is long-lived, has entire immunity from danger in installation or use, obviates high-grade insulation, and is economical throughout. All the tubes are run in multiple arc. Houses can now be illuminated with a beautiful cold, white, diffused light. For spectacular work in theaters exquisite tints may be created by changing the vacuum within the tube. Mr. Moore showed what he termed "the candlestick of the future," a glass tube five feet high and six inches in diameter, which glowed brilliantly by mere induction, having no wires whatever attached to it.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Disinfectant for Books.

Under the direction of Dr. John S. Billings, a series of experiments have been conducted for the purpose of discovering an effective disinfectant for books. A number of old patent office reports were inoculated with an assortment of bacteria and were soon full of germs of measles, scarlet fever, smallpox and other diseases. Trials were then made of substances to destroy them, and Dr. Billings says the gas formaldehyde is a perfect disinfectant. A saucery of solution of formalin in water is left for an hour or two in a glass or metal box with a volume, at the end of which time not a live germ can be found in the book. It is said that this process is to be used in the New York public library. It will be of general interest to know that formalin will also destroy the cotton bug.

Gelatoid for Spectacles.

Spectacles of wire gauze are too dark. Those of glass are easily dimmed by a cold draft or a little dust. A heavy blow destroys them and the splinters are then a source of danger. Dr. Thomas, of Berlin, has discovered that from Schering's gelatoid, an elastic, perfectly transparent material, which can be hardened in amyloacetate, a spectacle may be made. If broken, it will not splinter. Moisture does not condense on the surface. Gelatoid does not become so hot as glass, near a fire, and does not catch fire.

Bactilli That Defy X Rays.

Dr. J. Brunton Haikie, president of the Edinburgh Royal Medical Society, after experimenting largely, has concluded that the tubercle and diphtheria bacilli are not affected by exposure to X rays.

Big Was the Tower.

The tower of Babel at Babylon was composed of eight square towers, one upon the other, the pile being 660 feet high. Babylon was a square, 15 miles on each side, the walls being 87 feet thick and 370 feet high.

Potato Culture Wanting.

Fewer potatoes are now raised in New England than 50 years ago.

His Superior.

"I am usually rated as a clever performer," modestly remarked the well-known prestidigitator. "The great and public art of a prestidigitator is to make a triflingly high standing, and my fellow artists are pleased to look upon my work as being skillful beyond that of my competitors; I have always regarded myself as being a just master in the art and science of legerdemain. But yesterday I met a gentleman who is so clearly my superior that now I know myself to be the poorest of my profession. I can cause a small flowering plant or shrub to grow from the seed in a few moments in full view of the astonished audience, but the man of whom I am speaking has created an enormous family tree, hundreds of years old, in a few hours."—N. Y. World.

Hints to Hunters.

To get good results in any kind of shooting, uniform, reliable ammunition is absolutely necessary. Experience has taught the most successful hunters that they must always use ammunition made by the Winchester Repeating Arms Co., New Haven, Ct., as it is unequalled for accuracy, reliability, uniformity and strong shooting qualities. Winchester ammunition can be bought everywhere as it is in great demand all over the world. Like Winchester guns, it is the standard of the world. It costs no more than inferior makes and it is a thousand times better. Send for a large illustrated catalogue free.

It's Different, You Know.

It was during a controversy over the value of a bicycle.

"These are cases, mamma," explained the young woman, "when the proper use of a bicycle is almost imperative, and I'm sure that mine is one of them."

"Nonsense," returned the elder woman. "That's very nice talk from the point of view of a dealer in bicycles, but that is all. Now if you want to get the most out of your bicycle, you must use the proper method."

"But I don't, mamma," interrupted the young woman, hastily. "It isn't exercise that I need, but recreation, and there's no recreation in doing the housework—none at all!"—Chicago Post.

Heat Warm Weather Heat and Comfort.

There is a powder to be taken into the shoes called Allen's Foot-Powder, invented by Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y., which dries and softens the feet, keeps them from becoming chafed, and cures itching, burning, sore and tender or aching feet. Some dealers claim that it makes tight or new shoes feel easy. It certainly will cure burns and bunions and relieve instantly sweating, hot or smarting feet. It costs only a quarter, and the inventor will send a sample free to any address.

The Appropriate Place.

"You ought to be ashamed of yourself," said the judge to the gentleman who had been caught picking pockets at a federal court. "Have you no sense of decency?"

"Yes, judge; but you know people in a place like that are so easily touched!"—Indianapolis Journal.

The Mead Cycle Company, Chicago, is the original house to sell reliable bicycles at low prices direct to the rider. They have built up a large business by their honorable dealings and have won the confidence of their customers. They ask the public to believe that the house which leads and controls the best source of supply is the last house to do business with.

"His valet got even with Reginald for discharging him," said one young man. "How?" inquired the other. "Set his watch ahead, so that Reginald got his evening clothes on at half-past five!"—Washington Star.

"Well, Whiskey, did you find the divine creature returned?" asked a man. "Yes, just as soon as I offered it to her."—Detroit Free Press.

Pertinent Questions.

Why Will a Woman Throw Away Her Good Looks and Comfort?



Why will a woman drag out a sickly, half-hearted existence and miss three-quarters of the joy of living, when she has health almost within her grasp? If she does not value her good looks, does she not value her comfort?

Why, my sister, will you suffer that dull pain in the small of your back, those bearing-down, dragging sensations in the loins, that terrible fullness in the lower bowel, caused by constipation proceeding from the womb lying over and pressing on the rectum? Do you know that these are signs of displacement, and that you will never be well while that lasts?

What a woman needs who is thus affected is to strengthen the ligaments so they will keep her organs in place. There is nothing better for this purpose than Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. The great volume of testimony which is constantly rolling in, proves that the Compound is constantly curing thousands of just such cases.

The following letter from Mrs. Marlow is only one of many thousands which Mrs. Pinkham has received this year from those she has relieved—surely such testimony is convincing:

"My trouble commenced after the birth of my last child. I did not know what was the matter with me. My husband went to our family physician and described my symptoms, and he said I had displacement and falling of the womb. He sent me some medicine, but it did little good. I let it go on about two years, and every time I did any hard work my womb would come down. Finally a lady friend advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, which I did. The first bottle helped me so much, I continued to take it right along. My back was almost the same as no back. I could not lift scarcely any weight. My life was just a drag to me. To-day I am well of my womb trouble, and have a good, strong back, thanks to Mrs. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."—Mrs. L. MARLOW, Milford, Ill.

CONSTIPATION—Caused by Over-Work, Over-Eating, Over-Drinking!

No part of the human body receives more ill treatment than the bowels. Load after load is imposed until at last the intestines become clogged, refuse to act, warm out. Then you must assist nature. Do it, and see how easily you will be cured by



Not a violent mass of mineral and mineral poisons, but a PURE VEGETABLE COMPOUND, that acts directly upon the diseased and worn out intestinal canal, makes it strong, and restores muscular action, at the same time gently stimulating the liver and kidneys. Not a patent liquid or pill-form dose, but a CANDY TABLET—pleasant to eat, easy and delightful in action.

They are indeed NATURE'S OWN REMEDY.

ALL DRUGGISTS. 10c, 25c, 50c.

"A HANDFUL OF DIRT MAY BE A HOUSEFUL OF SHAME."

CLEAN HOUSE WITH



W. C. OGDEN, Editor.

The galleries were crowded at the time the vote was taken, distinguished people being

During the jubilee festival many waiters are to receive 17 shillings 6 pence a day.

of more people than any other
cine in the world.
The 25 and 50 sizes for sale
Palace Drug Store.

RHINELANDER, WIS

Allen's Foot-Powder, a powder for the feet. It cures painful, swollen, smarting feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. ¹² at \$20.00.

Write JOHN WADDLETT & CO.,
Keya, Washington, D. C., for their list
and list of two hundred inventions we

CLARK & LENNON - Builders' and Lumbermen's Hardware.

ICE CREAM SODA

Phosphates and all kinds of cooling drinks at
THE PALACE DRUG STORE. A. H. MARKS, Prop.

LOCAL TIME TABLES.

Chicago & Northwestern R'y.

NORTH BOUND.
No. 11-Daily.....3:50 a. m.
No. 12-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

SOUTH BOUND.
No. 4-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 5-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 1-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 2-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 3-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 4-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 5-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 6-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 7-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 8-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 9-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 10-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 11-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 12-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 13-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 14-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 15-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 16-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 17-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 18-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 19-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 20-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 21-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 22-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 23-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 24-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 25-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 26-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 27-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 28-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 29-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 30-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 31-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 32-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 33-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 34-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 35-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 36-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 37-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 38-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 39-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 40-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 41-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 42-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 43-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 44-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 45-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 46-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 47-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 48-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 49-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 50-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 51-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 52-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 53-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 54-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 55-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 56-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 57-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 58-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 59-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 60-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 61-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 62-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 63-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 64-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 65-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 66-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 67-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 68-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 69-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 70-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 71-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 72-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 73-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 74-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 75-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 76-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 77-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 78-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 79-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 80-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 81-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 82-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 83-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 84-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 85-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 86-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
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No. 88-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 89-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 90-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 91-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 92-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 93-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 94-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 95-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 96-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 97-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 98-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

St. Paul & Northern Pacific R'y.
No. 99-Daily.....11:25 p. m.
No. 100-Abolished Mail and Express.....1:25 p. m.

tion of Chas. Rathford and others to detach certain territory from Town of Woodboro, be laid on table. Motion carried.

On motion of Supr. Schafer the petition of Edna M. Cole be laid over until the next meeting. Motion carried.

On motion of Supr. Miner the ordinance to vacate the Town of Schoepke be laid over until the chairman appoints a special committee to refer same to.

Motion was carried by the following vote:

Ayes—Faust, Jenne, Coon, Miner, Campbell and Taylor—6.

Noes—Curran, Kelley and Schafer—3.

On motion of Supr. Coon the County Board adjourned to Thursday, May 13, 1897 at 9 o'clock a. m.

E. P. BRENNAN, Co. Clerk of Oneida county, Wis.

County Clerk's Office, Rhinelander, Wis., Thursday, May 13, 1897, 9 o'clock a. m.

County Board of Supervisors of Oneida county, Wis., met pursuant to adjournment.

Present—Supr. Campbell, Coon, Curran, Faust, Jenne, Kelley, Miner, Porter, Schafer and Taylor—9.

Absent—Supr. Yawkey.

Supr. Porter in the chair.

The chair announced the following standing committees:

Standing committees of the Board of Supervisors of Oneida county, Wis.

Com. on Equalization and Finance—Jenne, Taylor and Kelley.

Com. on Sheriff's and Justice accounts—Campbell, Coon and Faust.

Com. on General claims—Curran, Miner and Schafer.

Com. on Illegal Taxes—Yawkey, Campbell and Jenne.

Com. on settlement with county officers—Taylor, Curran and Coon.

Com. on county poor—Faust, Kelley and Miner.

Purchasing com. and com. on Public Property—Kelley, Curran and Schafer.

Special com. on ordinances—Taylor, Schafer, Jenne, Faust and Kelley.

On motion of Supr. Campbell the action of the county board of supervisors of May 12, 1897, in relation to the ordinance to vacate the Town of Schoepke and to attach certain territory of the Town of Pelican to the Town of Pelican, be reconsidered.

Motion lost by the following vote:

Ayes—Coon, Jenne, Miner, Campbell and Taylor—5.

Noes—Curran, Faust, Kelley, Porter and Schafer—5.

Bills were taken up, read and referred.

On motion of Supr. Jenne the ordinance in relation to attaching territory to Town of Schoepke be referred to special committee appointed by the chair to consider the ordinance to vacate the Town of Schoepke.

Motion carried.

Reports of the District Attorney on the matter of county lands and the petition of A. Stapleton be referred to the committee on Illegal Taxes. Motion carried.

On motion of Supervisor Curran the County Board adjourned to 1:30 o'clock p. m.

E. P. BRENNAN, co. clerk of Oneida county, Wis.

County Clerk's Office, Rhinelander, Wis., Thursday, May 13, 1897, 1:30 o'clock p. m.

County Board of Supervisors met pursuant to adjournment.

Present—Supervisor Campbell, Curran, Coon, Faust, Jenne, Kelley, Miner, Porter, Schafer and Taylor—10.

Absent—Supr. Yawkey.

Supr. Porter in the chair.

Reports of special committee on ordinances taken up and read and considered.

Report of the special committee on ordinance to vacate the Town of Schoepke and to detach certain territory of the Town of Pelican and attach the same to the Town of Pelican.

To the County Board of Supervisors of Oneida county.

Gentlemen:—We, a majority of your special com. to whom was referred an ordinance to attach certain unattached territory in Oneida county to the Town of Pelican in said county. To detach certain territory from the Town of Gagen and attach the same to the Town of Pelican and to vacate the Town of Schoepke in said county and to attach the territory of the Town of Schoepke to the Town of Gagen.

We beg leave to recommend the passage of Sec. 1, which ordains that all the territory included within Township No. 33 and north of range No. 10 east and the south half of township No. 32, north of range No. 10 east, heretofore embraced in and constituting a part of the Town of Gagen in said county, is hereby detached from the town of Gagen and attached to and made a part of the town of Pelican in said county of Oneida. We would further suggest that the matter related in Sections 2 and 3 be laid on the table.

Rhinelander, Oneida county, May 13, 1897.

ARTHUR TAYLOR, } com.
S. KELLEY,
CASPER FAUST,
JNO. W. SCHAFER, }

On motion of Supr. Campbell the foregoing report of the special com. in relation to the ordinance to vacate the town of Schoepke, and to detach certain territory from the town of Gagen and attach same to the town of Pelican be adopted as read. Motion carried.

Report of special com. on ordinance to attach territory to the town of Schoepke read and considered.

To the County Board of Supervisors of Oneida county.

Gentlemen:—Your committee to whom was referred an ordinance to change the boundary of the Town of Schoepke, by annexing thereto certain territory: The County Board of Oneida Co. hereby ordains as follows:

The boundaries of the Town of Schoepke in said County, are hereby changed by annexing to said Town of Schoepke the territory known and described as Government Township number thirty-five (35) north of Range Number Nine (9) east. In said County.

This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

On motion of Supr. Schafer the County Supt. of Poor was instructed to give Mrs. Howard temporary aid in the sum of \$8.00 per month. Motion carried.

The matter of executing the Railroad all bonds was taken up and considered and the Chairman and Clerk instructed to execute said bonds and place same in escrow in the Merchants State Bank of Rhinelander, Wis.

On motion of Supr. Curran the County Board adjourned to Friday, May 14, 1897, at 9 o'clock a. m.

E. P. BRENNAN, Co. Clerk of Oneida county, Wis.

County Clerk's Office, Rhinelander, Wis., Thursday, May 13, 1897, 9 o'clock a. m.

County Board of Supervisors of Oneida county, Wis., met pursuant to adjournment.

Present—Supr. Campbell, Coon, Curran, Faust, Jenne, Kelley, Miner, Porter, Schafer and Taylor—9.

Absent—Supr. Yawkey.

Supr. Porter in the chair.

The chair announced the following standing committees:

Standing committees of the Board of Supervisors of Oneida county, Wis.

Com. on Equalization and Finance—Jenne, Taylor and Kelley.

Com. on Sheriff's and Justice accounts—Campbell, Coon and Faust.

Com. on General claims—Curran, Miner and Schafer.

Com. on Illegal Taxes—Yawkey, Campbell and Jenne.

Com. on settlement with county officers—Taylor, Curran and Coon.

Com. on county poor—Faust, Kelley and Miner.

Purchasing com. and com. on Public Property—Kelley, Curran and Schafer.

Special com. on ordinances—Taylor, Schafer, Jenne, Faust and Kelley.

On motion of Supr. Campbell the action of the county board of supervisors of May 12, 1897, in relation to the ordinance to vacate the Town of Schoepke and to attach certain territory of the Town of Pelican to the Town of Pelican, be reconsidered.

Motion lost by the following vote:

Ayes—Coon, Jenne, Miner, Campbell and Taylor—5.

Noes—Curran, Faust, Kelley, Porter and Schafer—5.

Bills were taken up, read and referred.

On motion of Supr. Jenne the ordinance in relation to attaching territory to Town of Schoepke be referred to special committee appointed by the chair to consider the ordinance to vacate the Town of Schoepke.

Motion carried.

Reports of the District Attorney on the matter of county lands and the petition of A. Stapleton be referred to the committee on Illegal Taxes. Motion carried.

On motion of Supervisor Curran the County Board adjourned to 1:30 o'clock p. m.

E. P. BRENNAN, co. clerk of Oneida county, Wis.

County Clerk's Office, Rhinelander, Wis., Thursday, May 13, 1897, 1:30 o'clock p. m.

County Board of Supervisors met pursuant to adjournment.

Present—Supervisor Campbell, Curran, Coon, Faust, Jenne, Kelley, Miner, Porter, Schafer and Taylor—10.

Absent—Supr. Yawkey.

Supr. Porter in the chair.

Reports of special committee on ordinances taken up and read and considered.

Report of the special committee on ordinance to vacate the Town of Schoepke and to detach certain territory of the Town of Pelican and attach the same to the Town of Pelican.

To the County Board of Supervisors of Oneida county.

Gentlemen:—We, a majority of your special com. to whom was referred an ordinance to attach certain unattached territory in Oneida county to the Town of Pelican in said county. To detach certain territory from the Town of Gagen and attach the same to the Town of Pelican and to vacate the Town of Schoepke in said county and to attach the territory of the Town of Schoepke to the Town of Gagen.

We beg leave to recommend the passage of Sec. 1, which ordains that all the territory included within Township No. 33 and north of range No. 10 east and the south half of township No. 32, north of range No. 10 east, heretofore embraced in and constituting a part of the Town of Gagen in said county, is hereby detached from the town of Gagen and attached to and made a part of the town of Pelican in said county of Oneida. We would further suggest that the matter related in Sections 2 and 3 be laid on the table.

Rhinelander, Oneida county, May 13, 1897.

ARTHUR TAYLOR, } com.
S. KELLEY,
CASPER FAUST,
JNO. W. SCHAFER, }

On motion of Supr. Campbell the foregoing report of the special com. in relation to the ordinance to vacate the town of Schoepke, and to detach certain territory from the town of Gagen and attach same to the town of Pelican be adopted as read. Motion carried.

Report of special com. on ordinance to attach territory to the town of Schoepke read and considered.

To the County Board of Supervisors of Oneida county.

Gentlemen:—Your committee to whom was referred an ordinance to change the boundary of the Town of Schoepke, by annexing thereto certain territory: The County Board of Oneida Co. hereby ordains as follows:

The boundaries of the Town of Schoepke in said County, are hereby changed by annexing to said Town of Schoepke the territory known and described as Government Township number thirty-five (35) north of Range Number Nine (9) east. In said County.

This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

On motion of Supr. Schafer the County Supt. of Poor was instructed to give Mrs. Howard temporary aid in the sum of \$8.00 per month. Motion carried.

The matter of executing the Railroad all bonds was taken up and considered and the Chairman and Clerk instructed to execute said bonds and place same in escrow in the Merchants State Bank of Rhinelander, Wis.

On motion of Supr. Curran the County Board adjourned to Friday, May 14, 1897, at 9 o'clock a. m.

Schoepke in said County, are hereby changed by annexing to said Town of Schoepke the territory known and described as Government Township number thirty-five (35) north of Range Number Nine (9) east. In said County.

This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication.

On motion of Supr. Schafer the County Supt. of Poor was instructed to give Mrs. Howard temporary aid in the sum of \$8.00 per month. Motion carried.

The matter of executing the Railroad all bonds was taken up and considered and the Chairman and Clerk instructed to execute said bonds and place same in escrow in the Merchants State Bank of Rhinelander, Wis.

On motion of Supr. Curran the County Board adjourned to Friday, May 14, 1897, at 9 o'clock a. m.

E. P. BRENNAN, Co. Clerk of Oneida county, Wis.

County Clerk's Office, Rhinelander, Wis., Thursday, May 13, 1897, 9 o'clock a. m.

County Board of Supervisors of Oneida county, Wis., met pursuant to adjournment.

Present—Supr. Campbell, Coon, Curran, Faust, Jenne, Kelley, Miner, Porter, Schafer and Taylor—9.

Absent—Supr. Yawkey.

Supr. Porter in the chair.

The chair announced the following standing committees:

Standing committees of the Board of Supervisors of Oneida county, Wis.

Com. on Equalization and Finance—Jenne, Taylor and Kelley.

Com. on Sheriff's and Justice accounts—Campbell, Coon and Faust.

Com. on General claims—Curran, Miner and Schafer.

Com. on Illegal Taxes—Yawkey, Campbell and Jenne.

Com. on settlement with county officers—Taylor, Curran and Coon.

Com. on county poor—Faust, Kelley and Miner.

Purchasing com. and com. on Public Property—Kelley, Curran and Schafer.

Special com. on ordinances—Taylor, Schafer, Jenne, Faust and Kelley.

On motion of Supr. Campbell the action of the county board of supervisors of May 12, 1897, in relation to the ordinance to vacate the Town of Schoepke and to attach certain territory of the Town of Pelican to the Town of Pelican, be reconsidered.

Motion lost by the following vote:

Ayes—Coon, Jenne, Miner, Campbell and Taylor—5.

Noes—Curran, Faust, Kelley, Porter and Schafer—5.

Bills were taken up, read and referred.

On motion of Supr. Jenne the ordinance in relation to attaching territory to Town of Schoepke be referred to special committee appointed by the chair to consider the ordinance to vacate the Town of Schoepke.

Motion carried.

Reports of the District Attorney on the matter of county lands and the petition of A. Stapleton be referred to the committee on Illegal Taxes. Motion carried.

On motion of Supervisor Curran the County Board adjourned to 1:30 o'clock p. m.

E. P. BRENNAN, co. clerk of Oneida county, Wis.

County Clerk's Office, Rhinelander, Wis., Thursday, May 13, 1897,

NEW NORTH.

RHINELANDER PRINTING COMPANY.
RHINELANDER. - WISCONSIN.

AUSTRALIAN exploration claims two more victims. The bodies of Messrs. Jones and Wells, the missing members of the Calvert expedition to western Australia, have now been found after many months' search. Evidently the unfortunate men perished from thirst and exposure.

CALCIUM carbide is being tried in France as a remedy against the phylloxera. The residuum left from the manufacture of acetylene is used, mixed with calcium phosphate. When wet with water it disengages phosphoric hydrogen, which is a powerful destroyer of insect life.

IN 25 years Harvard university has received in gifts of money and buildings an aggregate of \$9,532,793, the cash gifts amounting to \$7,529,793, or an average of \$300,000 a year. If this is maintained Harvard will receive \$25,000,000 from gifts of money alone during the coming century.

A NUMBER of states already debar from office any person who has fought a duel or who has in any way assisted in one. Law Notes, of Northport, N. Y., suggests that the governors of the several states recommend to their respective legislatures a similar provision in regard to persons who take part in lynchings.

THE epidemic of suicide which has broken out at Brussels seems to have attacked even the inmates of the prisons, and during the last few weeks so many prisoners have committed suicide that the Belgian minister of the interior has issued a regulation according to which no prisoners is in future to be left alone in a cell.

FRUIT can be picked from large trees without bruising by means of a new device which is formed of a single piece of wire bent into a circle with the two ends of the wire pointed to enter the end of a pole and the opposite side of the circle bent to form several fingers to pull the fruit from the tree into a cloth bag which is sewed around the circle.

A recent thunderstorm in the neighborhood of Berlin afforded an opportunity of measuring precisely the power of a flash of lightning. The experimenters took as their basis the amount of iron fused by a flash of lightning, and, according to the statement which they have published, the power of a flash of lightning is on an average of 7,000 horse power.

FOR displaying transparencies or decorations on a bicycle a frame is attached to the upper brace of the wheel and fitted with a joint so it will bend back over the rider, the device being enlarged to any size desired by pulling out the telescopic joints, and when not in use the frame can be drawn together so that it only occupies a small space on the wheel.

A NEW sash fastener for windows has a cog wheel set in the side of the window frame to revolve as the window is raised or lowered, the teeth of the wheel meshing into grooves in a metal strip on the side of the sash, and the wheel being loosely mounted on a shaft, with one side flattened so it will slide into a slot and prevent its turning, thus locking the window at any height.

A STOVE has been invented to cool rooms in summer. Salt, a small quantity of ice and a potent chemical are used, and the stove becomes so cold that, if a hand be placed upon it, the skin will instantly blister. As salt is cheap, the chemical not dear, and as the stove can make its own ice in the oven, the device is one that will be likely to come into general use in warm climates.

THE latest figures for gin and rum imports into Barbados Africa have a dizzy look. In 1934 Barbados received 22,365 gallons, Sierra Leone 242,654, the Gold Coast 1,204,597, Lagos 1,562,651, the Niger Coast Protectorate 2,679,155. The countries that supply the stuff are, of course, the same countries that send the missionaries, Great Britain, the United States, Germany, France and Holland.

CASHIERS of banks and corporations who handle large sums of money daily are to be protected by means of a newly patented window, which consists of a steel plate hung over the window on pulleys with the ropes reaching down to the floor, where they connect with a lever which can be sprung by the foot to drop the window instantly whenever there is danger, without the action being seen by an outsider.

ONE of the best fire escapes recently patented is small enough to be carried in the pocket, and consists of a reel, on which the rope is wound by a crank at one end, the flanges at the end of the reel resting in a hinged frame with two handles on the under side, to be grasped by the hand after the hook at the end of the rope has been attached to the window sill, the handles being brought together by the hand to grip the reel and make the rope unwind slowly.

"THERE are more criminals walking the streets of Boston dressed in stylish clothes than there are in all the prisons of Massachusetts." That is the statement made by an eminent Boston lawyer, based upon the provisions of an act which was passed by the recent legislature in its closing days and approved by the governor upon June 11. According to this statute it is an offense against the laws of the state to wear for purposes of dress or ornament or to sell or to have in the possession the bodies or feathers of any of the birds which are commonly used in the adornment of ladies' hats.

BUSINESS OUTLOOK.

The Prospect Is Bright for Increased Activity in Trade.

The Coal Miners' Strike Is the Only Exception—The Money Markets Are Included—Advance in Price of Wheat.

New York, July 17.—R. G. Dun & Co. in their weekly review of trade say:

"Excepting the great coal miners' strike, which may terminate at any time, there is scarcely a feature of the business outlook which is not encouraging. The season is considered. Crop prospects have been improved by needed rain in some regions and foreign advances continue to promise a large demand. In many home industries, particularly in building, there is more activity than in any year since 1921, while steel from abroad is better demanded in boots and shoes and in woollens, while the movement of freight, mainly from east, through the South Sea, is the largest in its history. With money markets quiet, there is no reason to expect a hindered movement when uncertainty about legislation has been removed, for the miners' strike could not last long if business and industries should become active. There is much less apprehension of a fall in the first few days when prices rapidly advanced, and large quantities of coal from West Virginia have reached northern markets, but some of the miners in that state have struck.

"An advance in wheat to 84 cents was not due to the government estimate, which was followed by a decline, but to foreign advances and considerable buying for export. Demand is already felt from Australia, Brazil and even Argentina, while steel from abroad is better demanded in boots and shoes and in woollens, while the movement of freight, mainly from east, through the South Sea, is the largest in its history. With money markets quiet, there is no reason to expect a hindered movement when uncertainty about legislation has been removed, for the miners' strike could not last long if business and industries should become active. There is much less apprehension of a fall in the first few days when prices rapidly advanced, and large quantities of coal from West Virginia have reached northern markets, but some of the miners in that state have struck.

"What closed 6 cents higher for the week and one-half higher for the month is a sixteenth higher, the closing or partial stoppage of important New England mills hardly neutralizing in market estimation the apprehensions of injury from drought. The output of iron furnaces July 1 was 164,000 tons weekly, against 153,000 June 1, but several furnaces have gone into blast since July 1, and the output is large for the season. Presumably an unprecedented share of it is to supply the great steel companies, which are now putting more furnaces into blast and have heavy orders taken while prices were dropped, while the demand for structural shapes and plates is large and for bars improving, though steel bars are now at the lowest quotation since December 1921, quoted slightly lower. The plates are also lower at \$13.95 for full weight, and less than \$13 is paid for 10-pound boxes. Failures for the week have been \$2 in the United States, against \$1.50 a year, and \$1 in Canada against \$1.50 a year.

Headstreet's Report.

Bradstreet says: "The dollar month in the industrial year is usually a month of retarding improvement among retailers and others. This is due to a reaction in iron and steel, prices of which are back to lowest points on record, a dragging demand for boots and shoes and a threatened famine of bituminous coal. There are also now putting more furnaces into blast and have heavy orders taken while prices were dropped, while the demand for structural shapes and plates is large and for bars improving, though steel bars are now at the lowest quotation since December 1921, quoted slightly lower. The plates are also lower at \$13.95 for full weight, and less than \$13 is paid for 10-pound boxes. Failures for the week have been \$2 in the United States, against \$1.50 a year, and \$1 in Canada against \$1.50 a year.

"Manufacturers of cotton goods and their agents report trade slow, owing to higher cotton and low prices for goods. This has shut down a number of cotton mills in Massachusetts and in New England. The furniture business is reported by eastern manufacturers of shoes, but trade at Philadelphia is dull, merchants hesitating to place orders. Western wholesale dealers in clothing report distribution unsatisfactory. Western iron mills are already shut down, and if the coal strike lasts another week thousands of factory wheels will stop turning. This checks stronger and more confident feeling in industrial circles, which was so pronounced a fortnight ago.

"The heavy loss of sheep in Australia, due to drought, and speculation in wool here on tariff prospects have made wool prices higher with large sales, about \$5.00, 600 pounds at Boston alone, compared with \$3.00 pounds in the like week last year. The wool is available in quantity of what is probably the smallest at a like period in many years. Europe is expected to have to import 100,000,000 more bushels than last year, and neither India, Australia or the Argentine is expected to be able to supply the usual share.

"The general tendency of the price movement this year is to reverse the growing strength of quotations in the preceding fortnight."

Opera House Burned.

Akron, O., July 19.—The Academy of Music block, containing the local opera house, was almost destroyed by fire Sunday. The loss on the block, owned by Sylvester T. Everett, of Cleveland, is \$25,000; that on the opera house is \$10,000, with smaller losses to offices and stores will amount to another \$10,000. The insurance on the block and the opera house is about half the loss.

Phoenix, A. T., July 19.—James Stevens was rescued from the Mammoth mine, after an imprisonment of 14 days without food or water. At seven o'clock Saturday morning, at a depth of 125 feet, the rescue party broke into the drift where Stevens had been confined. Stevens is fearfully emaciated, and has lost fully 70 pounds during his confinement, but his mind is clear.

Will Reign White She Area. London, July 19.—The queen's message to her people from Windsor castle, published in the Gazette, in which she says that she intends to reign as long as life lasts, effectively disposes of the stale old story published in the United States asserting that she contemplates abdication in favor of the prince of Wales.

Favor Free Silver.

Salt Lake City, Utah, July 17.—The Trans-Mississippi congress yesterday adopted resolutions favoring the annexation of Hawaii, the construction of the Nicaragua canal, recognition of Cuba as a nation, and the free coinage of silver.

Turkey Held.

Constantinople, July 17.—Tewfik Pasha, the foreign minister, informed the ambassadors Friday that the sultan had agreed in the principle of the demands of the powers and was prepared to accept their views on the peace conditions.

Little Boy Killed.

Fremont, Neb., July 19.—The eight-year-old son of W. G. Mercer, chief of the fire department, was thrown from a buggy and killed.

Killed by the Car.

Chandlerville, Ill., July 19.—Abraham Shoemaker was killed by a train. He was a veteran of the war, aged 65 years.

STAMPED TO DEATH.

A Mob's Vengeance Upon a Colored Man in Tennessee.

Cincinnati, July 16.—The Commercial-Tribune's special from Florence, Ala., says: Near West Point, Tenn., Tuesday afternoon, Miss Rene Williams was found brutally murdered in the woods near her home. The young lady left her home early Tuesday morning to pick berries. When she did not return for dinner her friends went in search of her. She was found dead and tied to a sapling with a leather strap around her neck. One of her eyes had been gouged out and in her tightly-clutched hands were leaves and grass. All around the ground showed that a terrible struggle had taken place.

Thursday afternoon Anthony Williams, her murderer and ravisher, was captured near Fruitton and at night he explained his crime in the streets of West Point in the presence of 500 people. Williams was riddled with bullets and burned in the streets of West Point; his body being reduced to ashes. Before a shot was fired, the negro was knocked down and stamped to death. Then the crowd fell back and those who had pistols fired volley after volley at him. The crowd then gathered wood and building a fire over him watched the ghastly scene until the murderer was only ashes.

ELECT OFFICERS.

Baptist Young People Choose John Chapman President.

Chattanooga, Tenn., July 17.—The principal business transacted at the meeting of the Baptist Young People Friday morning was the election of officers. The nominating committee made its report through its chairman, Rev. O. E. C. Wallace. The report of the committee was accepted without discussion and the secretary instructed to cast the ballot as a whole for the nominees.

The head officers remain the same, while the remaining ones are changed to a certain extent. The officers elected are:

President—John H. Chapman, Chicago. Vice-presidents—Rev. Curtis Lee Laws, Baltimore; Rev. George B. Vossler, Denver; Cal. Rev. J. H. MacDonald, Amburst, N. S.

Recording secretary—Rev. H. W. Reed, La Crosse, Wis. Treasurer—Frank Moody, Milwaukee, Wis. Chattanooga, Tenn., July 19.—At a meeting of the board of managers of the Baptist Young People's Union of America, held Saturday morning, Buffalo was selected as the next place of meeting, provided the Buffalo people give assurance that railroad rates and minor details will be satisfactory.

A BRUTAL NEGRO.

Mob Lynches Him for His Crime at Elba, Ala.

Nashville, Tenn., July 17.—A Montgomery (Ala.) special to the Banner says: Thursday Major Terrell, a negro, criminally assaulted Mrs. Martin Thomas, a white woman living in the country five miles from Elba, Ala. She was alone in the house with her six-months-old baby. After the assault the woman was struck in the head and thrown on the bed beside her sleeping infant. Fagots of pine wood were then placed upon her by the brute and set on fire. The flames attracted some passers-by and they rescued the woman in time to get her dying statement. The baby was roasted. Terrell was arrested and was being given a preliminary trial when a mob broke up the court and took him out and hanged him.

DIES SUDDENLY AT ROME.

Rev. Father Butler Passes Away on Eve of His Consecration.

Rome, July 19.—Rev. Father Butler, bishop-elect of the Roman Catholic diocese of Concordia, Kan., died here Friday of intestinal paralysis. The deceased was to have been consecrated bishop by Cardinal Satoli Sunday.

Chicago, July 19.—Rev. Dr. Butler, of Chicago, whose sudden death in Rome on the eve of his consecration as bishop is announced, was one of the best-known ecclesiastics in the west. He was chaplain of the famous Irish brigade commanded by Gen. Mulligan during the civil war. Dr. Butler was secretary and chancellor of the diocese of Chicago under Bishop Duggan. The reverend doctor was celebrated for his marvellously beautiful voice.

Died from an Insect's Bite.

Easton, Pa., July 19.—Christian Butz, of Lower Mount Bethel, died in the Easton hospital Sunday morning from the effects of an insect bite. Several weeks ago Butz, who was a wealthy farmer, was stung on the hand. He paid no attention to the bite until a few days since, when he came to the hospital, suffering from blood poison.

Physician Kills Himself.

St. Cloud, Minn., July 17.—Dr. A. O. Gilman, the oldest practicing physician in St. Cloud, and known to the medical fraternity all over the state, during temporary aberration instantly killed himself at 6:30 Friday evening by placing the muzzle of a double-barreled shotgun to his head and discharging it.

Killed by Lightning.

Erie, Pa., July 19.—Mrs. Horace Noble, a prominent lady of this city, was instantly killed at 11:15 p.m. here Sunday by a flash of lightning. She was sitting in the parlor with some companions when the house was struck, killing her almost instantly. None of the others were hurt.

Both Were Drowned.

Chicago, July 19.—Harry Canning, 21 years old, fireman on the steamboat Albert C. Wentz, added his death Sunday afternoon to that of Joseph Schultz, cook, 17 years, while trying to save the latter from drowning in the Calumet river.

Dropped Dead.

Stevens Point, Wis., July 19.—John W. Case, general foreman of streets, an old resident, dropped dead of congestion of the brain.

Shot Himself.

Inter Grove, Minn., July 19.—Charles Spilker, a prominent saloon keeper, committed suicide by shooting himself.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Work of Our Lawmakers in the Fifty-Fifth Congress.

Daily Summary of Proceedings in the Senate and House—Other News from the Nation's Capital.

Washington, July 13.—The deficiency appropriation bill occupied the time of the senate yesterday, but was not completed.

Washington, July 14.—The general deficiency appropriation bill was passed in the senate yesterday after an amendment had been adopted limiting the price to be paid for armor plate to \$300 per ton and providing for the establishment of a government plant for the manufacture of armor plate in the event of failure to obtain bids within the limit fixed.

Washington, July 15.—A resolution was reported in the senate yesterday for the ratification of the Hawaiian annexation treaty and another asking the president to interfere in the case of the schooner Competitor prisoners who are imprisoned in Cuba. A resolution to prevent the disposal of the government lien on the Union Pacific railway under the terms of an alleged agreement caused a long discussion.

Washington, July 16.—Pacific railway affairs occupied the attention of the senate yesterday. A joint resolution was passed accepting the invitation of France to participate in the Paris exposition of 1900.

Washington, July 17.—The session of the senate yesterday was brief and uneventful. A bill was passed to give the consent of congress to a compact entered into between South Dakota and Nebraska respecting the boundary between said states.

Washington, July 19.—Senator Morgan (Ala.) occupied most of the time in the senate on Saturday in support of a resolution relating to the Union Pacific railway. In executive session a number of nominations were confirmed and the nomination of Terrence V. Powderly, of Pennsylvania, to be commissioner-general of immigration was received from the president.

The House. Washington, July 13.—On account of the death of Senator Harris, as soon as the journal had been read yesterday the house, on motion of Mr. Moon (Tenn.), as a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased senator, adjourned.

Washington, July 14.—In the house yesterday a bill was introduced making the salary of the postmaster at Chicago \$3,000 a year after July 1, 1900.

Washington, July 15.—The house yesterday nonconcurrent to the senate amendment to the general deficiency bill, and conferees were appointed. Mr. Simpson (Kan.) introduced a resolution directing the speaker to appoint a committee of five to investigate the sugar trust.

Washington, July 16.—In the house yesterday Mr. Lorimer (Ill.) introduced a bill to appropriate \$500,000 for a monument to Lincoln in the city of Washington.

Washington, July 17.—The house yesterday agreed to the partial conference report on the general deficiency bill and concurred in the senate amendment fixing the limit of cost for armor plate at \$300 per ton.

Washington, July 19.—In the house on Saturday no business was transacted.

Export Records Broken.

Washington, July 16.—The monthly statement of the exports and imports of the United States, issued by the bureau of statistics, makes the remarkable showing that never before in the history of the country have the exports of merchandise, which include practically all the exports except gold and silver, reached so high a figure as during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1900, nor has the excess of exports over imports ever been so large. The only time these figures were approached was in 1897, when the United States was making heavy shipments of grain to feed Europe after a series of deficient harvests. The statement for 1900, with comparisons, is as follows:

Exports of domestic merchandise, \$1,022,958,000; increase over 1899, about \$100,000,000; total exports of domestic and foreign merchandise, \$1,022,958,000, as compared with \$820,000,000 for 1899. The total imports of merchandise during the fiscal year just closed amounted to \$545,710,000, of which \$213,225,000 was free of duty. The total imports were about \$1,000,000 less than last year, and the excess of exports over imports for the year was \$2,223,148. This is an excess of about \$125,000,000 over any previous year.

Don't Believe It.

Washington, July 17.—At the Japanese legation here no credence is given to the report that the Spanish and Japanese governments have entered into an alliance against the United States.

Ready to Report.

Washington, July 19.—When the republican conference on the tariff bill representing the two houses of congress adjourned at six o'clock Saturday the announcement was made on behalf of each of the houses that they had agreed on all the items of the bill and that the result of the partisan conference would be submitted to the democratic members of the conference at a full meeting to be held to-day. The members of the conference still reserve the strictest silence in regard to the changes made, giving out no official confirmation as to the changes in the bill. It is learned, however, from an entirely reliable source that a very large majority of the senate amendments were accepted.

Not Guilty.

St. Louis, Mo., July 19.—Dr. Richmond Cornwell, of Kansas City, Mo., who while defending his father, killed his brother Herbert Cornwell, was acquitted Saturday. The prosecution attempted to show that the killing was premeditated but failed to do so. No further action will be taken in the matter.

To Wheel Around the World.

Los Angeles, Cal., July 17.—Ernest H. Taylor and Will H. Tolbert, of Los Angeles, have started on a cycling trip around the world from this city. They will be without funds and undertake to return in 18 months.

A Royal Betrotthal.

London, July 19.—A dispatch from Vienna to the Daily Mail says it is reported that Prince Danilo of Montenegro and Princess Olga, the czar's youngest sister, have been betrothed.

MINOR NEWS ITEMS.

For the Week Ending July 19.

The fruit crop of Missouri this year is estimated to be worth over \$20,000,000.

Mrs. Mary E. Lease is a candidate for governor of Kansas on the populist ticket.

Anthony Edwards, aged 191 years, joined the Grand Army of the Republic in St. Louis.

Wichita, Kan., has been decided upon for the place of holding the next trans-Mississippi congress.

Santa Fe railway officials report that there will be a yield of 60,000,000 bushels of wheat in Kansas.

John Bridges, Charles Sweeney and L. Montgomery, young boys, were killed by the cars at Austin, Tex.

During the last fiscal year 1,629 immigrants entered this country through San Francisco, against 1,411 in 1899-6.

A new counterfeit ten-dollar silver certificate of the series of 1891, check letter D, has been discovered in Washington.

James B. Angell, new United States minister to Turkey, accompanied by his wife, sailed from New York for Turkey.

In a jealous rage Frank W. Phelan, of St. Louis, fatally wounded Kittie M. Wadsworth in a Chicago saloon and then killed himself.

Near the town of Red Bluff, Cal., a dozen residences were burned and cattle ranges destroyed by a forest fire, the loss being over \$100,000.

The Empire state express on the New York Central railroad went from Syracuse to Buffalo, 142 miles, in 143 minutes, beating all previous records.

At Lexington, Ky., Judge Falconer acquitted Jacob S. Harris for killing Thomas H. Merritt, his wife's lover, holding that the act was justifiable.

C. F. Crocker, of San Francisco, first vice president of the Southern Pacific Railroad company, and worth \$300,000, died of paralysis, aged 42 years.

Mrs. Amelia Kohler, who prompted the writing of the immortal song, "The Last Rose of Summer," died in Mount Vernon, N. Y., aged 92 years.

Harry Sidwell, of Covington, Ky., in a mile race at Cincinnati for time, made the distance in 1:45 3-5, breaking the world's former amateur bicycle record.

The sawmill, pulpmill and 100,000 feet of lumber belonging to the Royal Paper Mill company were burned at East Argus, O., the loss being \$150,000.

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GEN. FARNSWORTH DEAD.

The Well-Known Veteran Passes Away at Washington.

Washington, July 15.—Gen. John F. Farnsworth died at his residence in this city Wednesday afternoon, aged 77 years.

Gen. Farnsworth was a Canadian by birth, but in early life removed to Michigan, where he was educated and admitted to the bar. Subsequently he went to Chicago and was elected to and served in congress as a republican from 1871 to 1873, when he became colonel of the Eighth Illinois cavalry. Later, by order of the war department, he raised the Seventeenth Illinois regiment and was commissioned brigadier general in November, 1873, but owing to ill health he resigned in the fall and was compelled to resign from the army in March, 1874. He then went to St. Charles, Ill., and from 1874 to 1875 was again a member of congress. Since the latter date he has been engaged in the practice of law in Washington.

NEW ELDORADO.

Great Gold Discoveries Said to Have Been Made in Alaska.

Seattle, Wash., July 19.—The reports of great gold discoveries in Alaska have caused intense excitement here. Policemen are resigning from the force; every street car man that can raise a stake has given notice to his company. In fact, all classes of society are represented in the feverish rush to get north. Men neglect their business and congregated in groups on the streets in excited discussions. People are telegraphing friends and relatives in the east to come and join them in the new Eldorado.

Harder at a Church.

Marion, Ill., July 19.—While attending a prayer meeting at Freedom church, four miles southwest from here, Isham J. Price, aged 23, was shot to death by the Hampton brothers, Sylvester and Ernest, aged 22 and 19 respectively. These young men are unmarried and the sons of neighbors, who reside near this city. The killing was the result of a family feud running back for several years, during which time they have engaged in many altercations.

Blame the Engineer.

Springfield, Ill., July 19.—The Chicago & Northwestern railroad has filed an exhaustive report of the Christian Endeavor wreck near Chicago with the railroad and warehouse commission. The report lays the blame entirely on Engineer Courtney. The railroad and warehouse commissioners are not satisfied with the report, and will investigate the wreck August 10.

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MINERS STILL IDLE.

Prospect of a Settlement of the Great Wage Struggle.

The Situation as Viewed by Labor Leaders—Efforts of the Arbitration Commissioners Will Probably Succeed.

Pittsburgh, Pa., July 17.—True uniformity may eventually win in the Pittsburgh mining district through the efforts of the peace commissioners, but it will take time.

It is expected that it will require several weeks, perhaps a month, to secure the signatures of the operators to the proposition, and Gen. Little has advised that no time limit be put on the movement, as at the former attempt. In the meantime the miners' officials say no efforts will be spared to force the strike to a successful issue. The lines along which the arbitrators expect to work is to get the 13 lake shippers interested first. These will be banded together to force the smaller operators into line by well-known business methods. Every wire will be pulled to bring firms and men into line.

St. Louis, Mo., July 19.—West Virginia holds the key to the great coal strike, and the next 48 hours will show its attitude. It is freely predicted that the miners will throw down their picks en masse, with the exception of a few isolated cases. Leaders of the strike are confident that this will be done, and say the result cannot be otherwise than beneficial to their cause. In the Norfolk and Western region Sunday the strikers made gains in some sections and losses in others. Big mass meetings were held in Flat Top, and it looks as if four more of the largest mines would be idle this morning, though the men dislike to give up the good pay they are now making, and are vacillating between desire and what they feel to be a duty.

Will Return to Work. Huntington, W. Va., July 19.—The miners at Thacker, Logan and Dingess, who on Saturday afternoon decided to strike, held a mass meeting Sunday afternoon and reconsidered their action. They will return to work as usual Monday. The Elkhorn miners who also decided to strike, will, it is believed, follow their example.

President Hatchford Talks. Columbus, O., July 15.—President Hatchford sums up the strike situation in an interview to the State Journal as follows:

"The manner in which the miners are conducting their strike is first of all to the encouragement and gives their officers renewed encouragement, and strengthens the belief that victory will ultimately crown their efforts. We have started into this movement realizing fully the importance of the work before us and the responsibility resting upon us, and after two weeks of suspension, involving more than 120,000 miners, we are well satisfied with the results. Only those who are best acquainted with the condition of the mines have any idea of the extent of this suspension and its paralyzing effects upon the labor and business of the country. It has not yet reached its full proportions. The coming week will add 20,000 men to the idle column. The week following will bring greater accessions to our ranks. The movement will continue to grow, not only from the point of number involved, but public opinion will become crystallized more fully and through the press of the country will demand a solution of the strike. The organized trades of the country are to-day in closer touch than ever before. Never in the history of labor troubles have they been found so closely allied. Our demand for living wages and the determination of our miners to stand by their rights have brought forth expressions of sympathy and moral and material support from almost every branch of organized labor, whose efforts in our behalf will endear them to all lovers of fairness and establish for the miners, with their own efforts, a living rate of wage."

Ten Eyck Wins.

Henley-on-Thames, July 17.—E. H. Ten Eyck, the American carman, won the finals in the great diamond sculls Friday. His opponent was H. T. Blackstaff, of the Vesta Rowing club. The Englishman had previously won his semi-final heat in record time from Dr. Melbourn, the Delaware Boat club man. Ten Eyck represents the Wauchoosetts club, of Massachusetts.

Battled Over Rich Strike.

Jamestown, Cal., July 17.—This town and the entire country is excited on account of the rich strike in the Taney mines, operated under the lease by Colby and Beckwith. The mine is located on the mother lode just this side of Sonora. The workmen struck a pocket and in ten hours they had taken \$31,000 in gold from the pocket, and there is more to follow.

Epworth League Convention Ends.

Toronto, Ont., July 19.—Five monster farwell rallies Sunday night closed the greatest convention the Epworth league has ever held. All five meetings were marked by great outbursts of religious fervor, and the delegates separated with many solemn vows to remain steadfast and devote their lives to the service of Christ.

WISCONSIN STATE NEWS.

Normal Regents Meet.
The state board of normal school regents held its annual session in Madison. The financial report of Secretary Rockwood estimates the amount of money which will be received as follows: Income, \$25,000; general fund from institutions, \$2,000; special appropriation, Milwaukee school, \$10,000; one-fifth mill tax, \$129,000; one-tenth mill tax, \$60,000; tuition, rent of books, etc., \$18,000. A. E. Thompson, of Oshkosh, was elected president of the board. J. J. Fruit, of La Crosse, vice president, and Maj. S. S. Rockwood was re-elected secretary.

Suicide of a Farmer.
The examination at Ashland of R. C. Heyliff, arrested for forgery of county orders, came to a tragic end ten minutes before court opened. Heyliff committed suicide by shooting himself through the head in his own home. In his pocket was found a bottle of laudanum with two teaspoonfuls gone, showing that suicide was premeditated.

Arrested for Murder.
The murder of Michael Baumgardner at Pessauke, which occurred June 7, 1905, has always remained a mystery. Suspicions pointed to his wife. A few days after the murder she was arrested, but the evidence was not strong enough and she was released. New evidence has been discovered and she has been arrested again.

In Great Luck.
Julius Swanson, a shoe dealer in Eau Claire, who bought 750 shares in a Colorado mining company at ten cents per share a few years ago at Duluth, and later tried to give the shares away as worthless, has been offered \$37,500 for them. He has sold his shoe business and gone to Colorado.

Murder in Milwaukee.
James Soukup, a teamster for R. Godfrey, a commission merchant, was shot in Milwaukee while driving to the store by an unknown Italian and died in a short time. It is supposed that the Italian took Soukup for another man who had threatened him.

Bankers Elect Officers.
Officers were elected as follows by the Wisconsin Bankers' association in Wausau: President, W. E. Coffin, Eau Claire; vice president, John Johnson, Milwaukee; treasurer, F. P. Meyer, Lancaster; secretary, George W. Strohmeyer, Milwaukee.

Found Dead.
Gottlieb Niebling, proprietor of the Neenah soap and tallow works, was found in his factory with his arms and throat cut. It is thought that he committed suicide. He leaves a wife and nine children.

Executive Clemency.
Gov. Scofield has pardoned from the state's prison James Sullivan, of Oshkosh, sent up in 1904 for trying to kill his wife, and Fred Genke, of Milwaukee, doing two years for stealing a horse.

The News Condensed.
Dr. Harvey H. Dale, for 37 years a resident of Oshkosh, died of pneumonia, aged 62 years.
Six Mormon converts were immersed in Lake Winnebago at Fond du Lac by Elders Croft and Larsen.

Chesler A. Fowler, of the law firm of Fowler & McNamara, of Portage, was fined \$200 and costs, a total of \$217.50, for contempt of court in Oshkosh.

The residence of M. P. Carpenter at Fond du Lac was entered and \$200 worth of jewelry stolen.

The school census of Kenosha for the year 1907 shows the number of children of school age to be 2,691, a gain of nearly 40 over the census report for 1906.

The various offices in the city hall in Milwaukee and a number of business establishments were robbed of stamps and small sums of money, aggregating altogether about \$1,400.

It has been discovered that Wisconsin has no law making it necessary for minors to have the consent of their parents before marrying—that is, minors living outside of the state.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Kelly arrived in Fond du Lac from abroad. They made nearly a complete circuit of the world.

The blueberry season commenced at Shell Lake and the crop will be very large.

Twenty-two saloon licenses have been issued by the city clerk in Neenah, against 25 last year.

Johannes Anschütz, ex-treasurer of the town of Upham, is in jail on a charge of embezzling \$1,200 of the town's funds.

Albert Lamont, aged 75, a farmer and noted horseman, died in Lodi from injuries received by his team running away.

The million-dollar drawbridge which connects Superior and Duluth, Minn., was thrown open to the public with appropriate exercises.

A hail and rainstorm did much damage near West Salem. Masses of ice as big as a man's fist fell.

The roller flouring mill at Lawrence, owned by State Senator C. E. Pierce and operated by J. H. Tibbels, was destroyed by fire.

The annual meeting of the Wisconsin Pharmaceutical association will be held in Green Bay August 11 and 12.

It has been decided to sell the grounds of the Rock County Agricultural society at Janesville at sheriff's sale to satisfy claims amounting in the aggregate to \$10,000. No fair will be held this fall.

The annual school census of La Crosse shows 10,149 children of school age, an increase of 101 over last year.

Dr. G. W. Pries, of Cambria, has received notice of his appointment to the consular post at Swansea, Wales.

Reitz & Haugen, clothing merchants at Neillsville for many years, made a voluntary assignment with liabilities of about \$6,000.

YOUNG REPUBLICANS.

Officers Chosen and Resolutions Adopted at Their Annual Meeting.
Detroit, July 15.—Leonard J. Crawford, of Newport, Ky., was on Wednesday afternoon elected president of the National Republican League. While the contest for the presidency had all the appearance of a close struggle, the result can scarcely be said to have been in doubt.

The resolutions were then reported through the chairman of the resolutions committee, Col. Bundy, of Ohio. They declare unflinching allegiance to the principles and policies of the party of protection, sound money, reciprocity and patriotism, as expressed in the St. Louis platform. The faith which prompted the nomination and election of William McKinley and a republican congress has been justified and we congratulate the country upon the evidence of returning prosperity and confidence in the organized effort of the party of Abraham Lincoln.

The platform commends the president and congress for sending a monetary commission to Europe, and for inaugurating measures for the annexation of Hawaii, and for an attitude on the Cuban matter that has tended to lessen Spanish atrocities in that island. They urge upon congress the earliest possible passage of a discrimination measure to protect American shipping.

Congress is commended for fostering the beet sugar industry by legislation. The question of equal suffrage to women is recommended to congress. President Cleveland's civil service changes are vigorously commended, and a modification of the rules and provisions of that law is favored. In the interest of good service and to correct the wrongs that have been perpetrated, restriction of immigration is favored and sympathy expressed with the miners and other laboring men in their peaceful struggles for living wages.

Detroit, Mich., July 16.—The Republican National League yesterday expressed confidence in M. J. Dowling, of Menasha, Wis., by electing him as secretary. Frank J. Higgins, of Jersey City, N. J., is the new treasurer. Omaha was chosen as the next place of meeting.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

Standing at Baseball Clubs for the Week Ended July 15.
The following tables show the number of games won and lost and the percentage of the clubs of the leading baseball organizations. National League:

Club	Won	Lost	Per Cent
Boston	18	10	.643
Cincinnati	17	11	.607
Chicago	16	12	.571
New York	15	13	.538
Cleveland	14	14	.500
Pittsburgh	13	15	.464
Brooklyn	12	16	.431
St. Louis	11	17	.393
Philadelphia	10	18	.357
Washington	9	19	.321
St. Paul	8	20	.286
San Francisco	7	21	.250
Indianapolis	6	22	.214
Portland	5	23	.182
Seattle	4	24	.143
San Diego	3	25	.107
Los Angeles	2	26	.077
San Antonio	1	27	.037
San Jose	0	28	.000

Western League:

Portland	12	10	.545
San Francisco	11	11	.500
Seattle	10	12	.455
San Diego	9	13	.409
Los Angeles	8	14	.364
San Antonio	7	15	.318
San Jose	6	16	.273
Portland	5	17	.227
San Francisco	4	18	.182
Seattle	3	19	.136
San Diego	2	20	.091
Los Angeles	1	21	.045
San Antonio	0	22	.000

Western Association:

St. Joseph	10	10	.500
St. Paul	9	11	.450
St. Louis	8	12	.400
St. Mary	7	13	.350
Dubuque	6	14	.300
Rockford	5	15	.250
Keosauqua	4	16	.200
Quincy	3	17	.150
Peoria	2	18	.100

LOSS FOR TEA IMPORTERS.

Attempt to Forestall New Tariff a Costly Experience.

New York, July 17.—The importers in this city are confronted with the prospect of a heavy loss on their importations of 15,000,000 to 20,000,000 pounds of tea, which began arriving in this city about July 1. It was ordered when the general impression was that congress would put a duty on tea. It is of the first crop, the finest tea of the year, and to forestall the tariff the importers took all they could get. When the tariff on tea was abandoned it left the second crop and every other inferior grade of tea free to come in, and consequently there is a large stock of high-grade tea to be sold at a sacrifice.

Big Debt Wiped Out.

New York, July 17.—The American Baptist Missionary union and the American Baptist Home Missionary society have succeeded in wiping out their joint debt of \$456,000. Including John D. Rockefeller's gift of \$250,000, which was contingent on the raising of \$250,000 more, the societies have collected \$503,031.45. The subscribers to the fund number nearly 5,000.

Frank Butler Hanged.

London, July 17.—A dispatch from Sydney, N. S. W., says that Frank Butler, the Australian bush murderer, was executed Thursday. He confessed to having committed four murders.

THE MARKETS.

New York, July 15.	
LIVE STOCK—Cattle	11.00
Sheep	10.00
PORK—Mess	12.00
WHEAT—No. 2	1.00
CORN—No. 2	.75
COFFEE—No. 2	1.00
RAISINS—No. 2	.50
CHOCOLATE—No. 2	.50
EGGS—No. 2	.50
CHICAGO.	
CATTLE—Shipping	11.00
Stocks	10.00
Porkers	10.00
HOGS—Light	10.00
Heavy Packing	10.00
SHEEP	10.00
BUTTER—Creamery	10.00
Dairy	10.00
EGGS—No. 2	10.00
MILWAUKEE.	
CATTLE—No. 2	10.00
CORN—No. 2	.75
COFFEE—No. 2	1.00
RAISINS—No. 2	.50
CHOCOLATE—No. 2	.50
EGGS—No. 2	.50
ST. LOUIS.	
CATTLE—No. 2	10.00
CORN—No. 2	.75
COFFEE—No. 2	1.00
RAISINS—No. 2	.50
CHOCOLATE—No. 2	.50
EGGS—No. 2	.50

AN APPEAL FOR FREEDOM.

The Cuban League of New York Asks for Unanimous Aid.
The Cuban League of New York, whose president is E. H. Allen, and vice presidents such men of national reputation and honor as Chauncey M. Depew, Roswell P. Flower, etc., has issued the following appeal asking for financial aid in its patriotic efforts in behalf of struggling Cuba:

"To the People of the United States: A brave and generous people will aid the oppressed. Cuba is under a brutal tyranny. Inspired by our history she freely bleeds for independence, and appeals to us for help. We must hear, and hearing, promptly act. An irrepressible conflict between republicanism and monarchy has been inaugurated by Washington and his compatriots, and as traitors of the great political inheritance from them we must be in that conflict whether we will or not, whenever any intelligent people fires the opening gun for freedom. If an unparalleled career of courage and sacrifice the Cubans have proved their right to self-government. Our people, to keep untarnished the heroic crown of our fathers, which our government at Washington for three years has failed to do, must extend material support to the embattled heroes on Cuban soil. The passive policy of this administration, in emulation of the last, still repressed the nobler impulses of our people, while foul murder continues. To give now is more than to fight. He who supplies the weapon is brother in achievement to him who wields it."

"A plan for small subscriptions at local points, deposited there with banks or business firms, reaches all. Let those who will serve send addresses of themselves and bank to the Red, White and Blue League, New York."

—ETHAN ALLEN.
"President of the Cuban League."

DOCTORS AND PATIENTS.

Odd Tales of Physicians of the Old School in England.

A physician with a large practice sees strange sights—some humorous, some pitiful, and some irritating. Sir Benjamin W. Richardson, commenting on the fact that these singular sights tend to produce in the doctor's mind the feeling "All things are alike to all," says he once surprised a bishop by saying that the writer of Ecclesiastes must have been a doctor.

Once a woman who kept a fuel store brought her husband to Dr. Richardson in a little cart with his body covered with small coal, under the idea that by this means she was keeping him warm. Another woman, to whom he prescribed an ether mixture, therefore volatile, first made it warm, in order that it might be agreeable to take.

He was called in the early days of his London practice to visit a servant in a large house, and overheard the mistress ask the housekeeper: "What sort of a man is he, and how did he come? Did he drive?"

"I think you'll like him, ma'am," replied the housekeeper; "but, poor man! he is only a walking doctor yet."

People made a distinction between the walking and the driving doctor in former days. A physician with a large paying practice used to ride in a chariot which cost 200 guineas. Now people do not care if a doctor comes in a landau, or a brougham, or a cab, provided he comes quickly.

The old physician was known by everybody as a doctor. He wore a long, broad-tailed coat, knee breeches, Hessian boots, a frilled shirt with ruffles at the wrists, and a large white cravat of the finest lawn. He carried a cane with a perforated box at the top, which held camphor or some other smelling substance. When he was called to a consultation, he expected to find a table spread with wine glasses, a decanter of brandy and a bottle of wine.—Youth's Companion.

Popularity and a Slip.

One of the incidents that conducted to give the queen temporary popularity in Ireland was this: She and the prince, with the prince of Wales and Prince Alfred, were driven in their roomy carriage to Mr. Burgan's exhibition. The streets and windows were thronged. There were only bright faces, and the air was filled with cheers. She bowed very affably; the prince held his hat a little before his forehead, and hardly bowed. The prince of Wales took off a cap with a white band and held it rather gracefully, as if to show that he should have bowed were the queen not present. Prince Alfred looked a little sulky and kept his cap on his head. The queen did not appear to see him, but she did. She whipped the cap off his head with one hand, and with the other gave him such a slap in the face. It was done in an instant, and without any change of countenance. Thundering cheers marked the approval of the multitude.—Contemporary Review.

Did the Job Himself.

It is related of the late Duc d'Anmale that lack of decision is illustrated by the following incident: When about to enter a room at a reception in 1873 he was asked by the usher what name should be announced. "Gen. le Duc d'Anmale," he answered; and then, suddenly changing his mind, he said: "No; announce his royal highness, Duc d'Anmale." But, not feeling satisfied with this, he said: "Say merely Duc d'Anmale." Finally he said: "Say nothing," and walked in unannounced.—N. Y. Times.

TERSELY PUT.

When a man likes whisky real well he cures all his ailments by drinking it.

A woman always puts things away so that she can't find them when she wants them.

There are a great many girls who dress so extravagantly that people constantly wonder how their father keeps up.

People who think they would be smart if they only had more confidence in themselves usually are the only ones who think so.

THE SULTAN'S MEALS.

What They Cost and the Way They Are Served.
Sultan Abdul Hamid's table expenses are \$5,000 a day. For the 263 days last year he spent \$136,200. No other human being of modern times is accredited with spending one-fifth this enormous amount. It does not include grand state dinners or other elaborate functions. It is simply for his majesty's regular every-day meals.

Queen Victoria, Emperor William of Germany, the czar of Russia, Li Hung Chang—not one of them spends anything like this amount. They are all most extravagant diners, and the most expensive of the world's delicacies are piled upon their tables, but even by importing the costliest viands from all parts of the world, their table expenses are nowhere near the sultan's.

A strange feature of the sultan's dining is that no one enjoys the food with him. He eats alone. Never, upon any pretext whatever, does he have a companion at his meals. He does not even have a dining-room, or a dining-hall, but takes his dinner wherever he may happen to be. The menials, at the dining hour search out his majesty, and then in a long procession, bring the banquet to him, tables, trays, dishes and all.

He may be in the palace, or in the garden, or any part of his great private park, it makes no difference, he takes his meal right on the spot. All the morning the large corps of imperial cooks prepare the dinner. As the noon hour arrives, slaves are sent in various directions to discover the whereabouts of his majesty. Having done this, they report his exact location to the sultan's chief chamberlain, who then calculates the time required to transport the numerous dishes to him without their getting cooled.

The chamberlain then stands beside the chief server and supervises the transferring of the different kinds of food from the kettles into the silver tureens. These vessels are very elaborate. They consist of many shapes, sizes and designs, and are beautifully chased and engraved. They are so constructed that they can be entirely sealed up, leaving no chance for anyone to drop anything into the food.

As fast as each vessel is filled, the chamberlain seals it and puts on it his official stamp. This is a guarantee of its inspection, and that it contains no poisonous substances. Over each tureen a bell-shaped felt cover is clapped down tightly to retain the warmth.

The dinner procession, consisting of over a hundred persons, is then formed. First come ten slaves, bearing the great table. It is of silver, and perhaps the most exquisite table that has ever been made. The legs and sides are richly chased, and the top is so highly polished that it looks like a mirror. Then comes a long line of jubbahs, or "first assistants of the chief cook," each bearing on his head a tray, upon which rests one of the silver vessels. These jubbahs are so perfectly trained in the art of head balancing that no accident—not even the jarring of a dish—has ever been known. Following come more slaves, bearing on their heads another course, and after them come still other detachments with other courses. In the rear follow the slaves who are to wait on his majesty.

The procession moves up to where the sultan is standing. Two slaves run forward with a silken rug, which is spread upon the floor or ground as the case may be. On this a divan is placed, and the sultan reclines. The table is spread in front of him, and the tureens are brought up. As each one is set down the chamberlain steps forward and breaks the seal. On each side of him stands an imperial taster. The chamberlain hands a ladleful from each vessel first to one taster and then to the other. After it has been swallowed the chamberlain then takes a spoonful himself, the sultan meanwhile watching the operation. Everything being satisfactory, one after the other, are arranged before his majesty, who runs his eye over the many viands. Then he picks and chooses, eating a piece here and a piece there, a mouthful of meat, a spoonful of water ice, a sweet cake and a tiny fish ball. The sultan never uses a plate. He takes all his food directly from the little silver kettles that are arranged in a circle around him, rarely ever using a knife or fork. A spoon, his bread and his fingers, which are constantly wiped by an attendant, who stands at his side, are his only means of eating.

He is usually attired in a loose garment and geylik, with his sleeves turned up, and he generally manages to be in a spot at dinner time where he has a clear view out over the Bosphorus or his magnificent grounds. After he has eaten all he wants, the sultan slips his coffee and smokes his chibouk, lying back in quiet reverie, which he calls taking his "keif."

The sultan's whole household is at liberty to take their meals wherever it suits them best, and thus everyone is served wherever they happen to be. After the sultan has dined the imperial body guard, the chamberlains and other high functionaries are fed. After all the officers and others of high degree have eaten, the soldiers and servants get their food, and at the same time all the men employed in the imperial stables have theirs, and during the progress of the meals any stranger, whoever it may be, is at liberty to come in and eat himself and eat. It is a sort of perpetual free lunch, and one that is enjoyed every day in the year at the sultan's expense.

Identical.

Sadi—Now, papa, I know dear Jack is just like you.

Papa—Humph! Why do you say that?

"I heard you say the other night that when you married mamma you hadn't a penny. Jack wants to marry me, and he's in the same condition."—Philadelphia North American.

Not on the Road So Much.

She—Have you got your bicycle yet?

He—O, yes.

"I don't see you on the road as much this season as I did last."

"No, I'm on my wheel more now. I ride better, you know."—Yonkers Statesman.

THE REST SEASON.

A Hint for Housekeepers About Midsummer.
The season of heat and midsummer the housekeeper should be warned is a season when all living creatures rest somewhat from their work. Even the birds in the fields cease their song during the heated period and all animals seem to relax their efforts—even in their search for daily food. Wanderers in woodland ways near sunset will catch many delightful glimpses of their friends in fur and feathers at this time which they would never see during a midday walk. It is at this hour the pretty rascals venture out with her furry babies or the clownishly awkward woodchuck goes forth with no fear of prowling dogs. The hermit thrush, the sweetest songster of our groves, sings at sunrise and sunset, but ceases her songs altogether in midsummer. The thrush is the mavis of old English ballads. (Gil Monie's song was:

Like the mavis on the bush,
And part the valleys ring.
Even our domestic animals rest during the heat of the day and exercise themselves in pursuance of food in the cool of the morning and evening.

These dumb animals set us an excellent example. No woman, however strong in health, can afford to work continuously through the heat of the day. Every woman should always take a systematic midday rest. Even the strong laborer in the field finds his noonday nap as essential as his noonday meal. This meal is frequently quite a light one, compared with the "hearty supper" which he enjoys when his work is over. "The woman who riseth while it is yet night" should take a rest in the heat of the day, which will compensate for her loss of sleep. She cannot afford to burn the midnight oil in summer as she can in winter, when all living creatures can work more vigorously. This is because the system is kept at a higher tone in winter than in summer. The practical experiment of sending energetic people to hot lands has been too frequently tried to admit of any doubt of the result. Vigorous and energetic men sent from a northern land to the tropics in a few months seem to change their nature and become languorous lovers of ease. The legend of the lotus eaters was not entirely a fable. The whole land of the tropics seems filled with a subtle poison which weakens the energies, and against which probably it would be unsafe to contend. The same state of energies weakened by heat makes it a mistake for women to attempt by sheer force of will to work in summer as they do in winter. Fortunately haying is usually over before July, our hottest month, and the principal other harvests are gathered later in the year, so even farmers' wives, who are among our hardest summer workers, have a chance to take a vacation at the hottest season of the year. The canning and various preserving, which keeps them from this necessary relaxation, had better be dispensed with. No worker needs a summer rest more than the farmer's wife. There are now many delightful places on the Chautauqua plan for such a rest. Here a few weeks' outing may be combined with an attractive lecture course on various topics which furnish plenty of food for thought during the long winter evenings to come. A vacation in winter is not half as valuable to any worker as one in summer.—N. Y. Tribune.

BRITTLE FINGER NAILS.

How to Make Them as Beautiful as They Should Be.

Many women with pretty hands are constantly annoyed by the rough appearance of their finger nails, caused by the fact that they break and split. The possessor of such nails should cut them with well-sharpened manicure scissors, and the nail should never be cut or filed unless the fingers have first been soaked in warm water. The brittleness may sometimes be lessened by rubbing almond oil thoroughly into the nail and finger ends on retiring at night. A pair of old kid gloves must then be pulled on.

The housekeeper whose nails break easily should never stir anything on the hot range without first slipping on a loose glove, as the dry heat from the fire will make her nails more brittle than ever.

A teaspoonful of lemon juice in a cupful of tepid water whitens and supple the nails and removes all grease and dirt, making them more easy to polish. This should be used every morning, and by dabbling the fingers a few moments it is possible to make the nails perfectly clean and transparent without the use of any metal cleaner by simply rubbing under them with a towel. It is also beneficial in removing the skin around the nail edges, which should never be cut with scissors. Rub the towel firmly all over the nail, pushing back the skin. Do this regularly every day and after a few weeks the skin growth will disappear.—American Queen.

A Cherry Recipe.

A delightful drink, the receipt for which may be filed away for the now not distant cherry time, is called cherry mabel. Stone the cherries and put them in a jar which rests in a pot of boiling water. The water boils around the cherries until the juice is extracted; strain the juice and to one-half gallon add two pounds of sugar; boil this until all the steam is taken off, throwing in a few whole spices. A tablespoonful of this with a spoonful of raw cream put into a tumbler, which is then filled from a siphon of vichy or soda water, is a refreshing summer drink.—St. Louis Republic.

Queen Victoria's Watermen.

Queen Victoria's watermen are disgruntled at having no part in the jubilee procession. The more so that the queen has never made use of her state barges. She has two of them, kept at Teddington, which should be rowed with two watermen to an oar. The uniform consists of scarlet jacket, waistcoat, breeches and stockings, with a remarkable black jockey cap and low shoes. On the front and back of the jacket is an enormous royal badge. The barge has only been used once, when the prince of Wales and Khedive Ismail of Egypt were taken by water to Richmond.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Useless Royal Barges.

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PUNGENT PARAGRAPHS.

—Omerx—"Julia, you did not accept Mr. Fitz-Jones?" "I was afraid to; he proposed to me on bargain day."—Chicago Record.

—Elphant Cockney (to countryman)—"Are there many fools in this part of the world, my lad?" "Yekel—" "Not as I knows on, zur. Why, dyer feel a bit lonesome like?"—Tit-Bits.

—His Experience—"When I started out to buy a two dollar shoe," observed Uncle Allen Sparks, "I generally find I get the best bargain by paying two dollars for the other shoe also."—Chicago Tribune.

—Magistrate—"What made you steal the jewels of that actress?" "Burglar—" "I saw her in the theater and admired her art so much that I concluded to give her a chance for a free puff in the papers."—Fliegende Blätter.

—"And now," said the Cornfed Philosopher, "is the time of year when the college graduate gets on the rostrum and utters great thoughts—thoughts, in fact, that have been thought by the greatest thinkers."—Indianapolis Journal.

—He Was Safe.—Rusty Rufus—"Dis here paper says you ain't what kills men." Weary Waggle—"Dat's right, too. 'Tain't a loaded gun what shoots folks; 'tain't pisen what pisen of 'em, and 'tain't work what kills 'em. It's not knowin' enough to let them things alone—dat's what!"—Truth.

—The Obscure Boniface—"Seven dollars for a room and breakfast? Great Scott! man, that is awfully steep. And awfully high," said the victim. "Yes," admitted the summer landlord, "it is so high and steep that I don't see how I can come down."—Indianapolis Journal.

IDENTICAL.—Sadi.—"Now, papa, I know dear Jack is just like you. Papa—

FROM CLUE TO CLIMAX.

BY **WILL N. HARDEN.**

ILLUSTRATIONS BY **FRANK**

AUTHOR OF
"WHITE MARIE"
"ALMOST PERSUADED"
"A MUTE CONFESSOR"
"THE LAND OF THE CHANGING SUN" ETC.



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"Well," said Mrs. Henderson, as the cab drove away, "that man must be overrated, certainly. If I had not heard that he was a brilliant member of his profession, I should have said he was the most stupid man alive. I felt so irritated by his dawning actions that I was tempted to turn my back on him. The idea of his wanting to see the gardening tools, lecturing Robert about not hanging up a watering-pot, and using our house to write his correspondence in—and at such an awful time, too."

"I think he was unable to find a ghost of a clue," remarked Fred Walters. "He was trying to hide his disappointment by indifference. He has no doubt accomplished great things in Europe and elsewhere in this country, but anyone can see that he has met his Waterloo here."

"What did he go upstairs for?" Mrs. Walters spoke to her father in a tone that was too low for the others to hear. He had sat down at his desk several feet from where his wife and son-in-law were standing.

"To get a look at the grounds from the back windows," the mayor replied. "From the servants' room?" she asked.

"No, the lumber-room." And the mayor drew a sheet of paper toward



"Can she use a revolver?"

him and began to write. He did not notice that she stared at him strangely for a moment after he had answered, and that she sat down in a rocking-chair with her back to the light, and took no part in the conversation going on between Walters and her mother.

CHAPTER IX.

Hendricks sat smoking beside Welsh all the way down town. He seemed so deeply thoughtful that Welsh was afraid to disturb him. Presently, however, Hendricks sighed, looked into the captain's expectant face, and said:

"My New York case is puzzling me. I can't make head or tail of it. It is certainly a most complicated matter. You may have read of the Sixth avenue jeweler who was found dead—"

"My God, Mr. Hendricks! pardon me," broke in Welsh, with a flash of the eyes, "but this is really going too far. Surely you don't realize my position. I have taken it on myself to employ you with the city's money, and—and surely this is no time to be talking of other cases."

Hendricks stared in surprise, blushed, and threw away his cigar. The cab was slowing up at Welsh's office. Hendricks said nothing until they were inside and he had closed the door; then he coolly lighted another cigar and went on:

"You must pardon me, really, captain, but I have always worked with men who understood my awkward ways. They usually let me alone; and I forgot that you don't know my methods. I am a great economist of time when I am in thinking trim, and, as I had already arrived at the only conclusion possible in your case, at least at this stage, I was working on the other matter I mentioned."

"Conclusion? What conclusion?" cried Welsh.

"Why, I thought you were following me step by step, up at the mayor's; though now I do recall that you made one or two proposals that rather seemed to indicate a lack of proper caution."

"Why, I saw absolutely nothing," replied Welsh. "To be frank, I thought you were helplessly stumped, and were simply trying to kill time and make a favorable impression on the ladies."

"I was trying to be agreeable, Welsh, I confess it. That's my style. It makes an unpleasant job pleasant to all concerned. If you ever have to land-cut a woman, tell her she has pretty winks, and she won't mind it half so much."

"I am at sea," said Welsh, "and completely overboard."

Hendricks leaned back, threw his feet on a desk and chewed the end of his

cigar. "I did not expect to find what I discovered up there," he said, musingly, "but when I once got started the whole chain of circumstances began to unroll, and was so easy to follow that I felt as if I were playing with a toy. I could have kicked myself for having to appear to take it all so seriously. I was tempted to make a joke of it. When I was half through, I wanted to throw down my hand and say: 'Look here, I hold so and so, and I'll bet my reputation you haven't a thing!'"

"I'm still in deep water," said Welsh. "I saw the bullet hole, her tracks, the fellow's tracks, and that was all. The nervousness of the ladies and the mayor's anxiety absorbed me."

"I did not go there to sympathize with anyone," answered the detective. "I was looking for facts. But follow me now, and draw your own conclusions as we go. Well, what was the first incongruous thing that happened after we arrived? Why, if you remember, Mrs. Walters said she was sure she heard the report before she felt the ball pass through her sleeve. The distance was about 100 yards, and if the difference were noticeable at all it would have been, scientifically, you know, exactly the reverse."

"But surely," protested Welsh, "you'd hardly expect an excited woman to be correct about such a minor detail as that?"

"Mrs. Walters was not excited," Hendricks answered. "You must have noticed that. If she had been, I should not have made a point there. However, that was only a little thing to start from, but it was sufficient, as I found out later. The next thing I did was to examine the hole in her sleeve. What did I do that for? To find out if it were made by a bullet. It was rather too dark in the house to see well, but out in the sunlight I got another look. I saw that it really was a bullet hole. I noticed a few black specks on the cloth, but, without being openly impertinent, I could not decide whether they had been caused by powder or soot, for the gown was gray."

"At that distance? Who ever heard of—"

"Hold on! not so fast! Ah, I see you are not following me; but you'll catch on in a moment, so let's continue. She next showed us her tracks. Did you notice how deep and distinct they were? It was the first thing that struck me. Her mother is twice as heavy as she is, and stood in the same sort of soil, but her feet made hardly any impression. Don't forget that I marked the spot where Mrs. Walters stood with my umbrella; after that, you know, we went over to the fence. There is a minor point here in Mrs. Walters being the first to see the footprints beyond the fence, but we will pass that, and come to the footprints themselves. Did you notice nothing remarkable about them, captain? No? Well, in all my experience I never saw such comical footprints. I was tempted to laugh outright, but it would have spoiled everything, so I smothered my amusement."

"I saw nothing remarkable about them," said Capt. Welsh, impatiently. "They were made, captain, by men's slippers, a number ten, with very thin soles. The heels had been well pressed down into the soft clay, and so were the middle parts of the soles, but the thin edges all round had turned up so easily that only a faint impression of the bottom was left."

"What did you deduce from that?" asked Welsh, still perplexed.

"That they were worn by feet not half large enough for them, though they had doubtless been drawn on over a pair of boots. I saw by the shape of the track that the right one had come off once as the wearer drew it from the mud."

"Ah! curious!" exclaimed the captain; "but I don't yet see what you are driving at, though I think you suspect—but how could you? Why—"

"But that is not all," the detective went on, smiling. "You remember, perhaps, that I asked if it had rained out there recently. Well, I was trying to account, since there has not been any rain lately, for that naturally dry spot of clay being soft enough to have received such distinct footprints. On close examination, I detected the faint semicircular mark of a vessel in the edge of the grass, and, at exactly the right distance from it, a spot where a little water had trickled down from the spout on the clay."

"Ah, the watering-pot!" cried Welsh. "Wonderful! wonderful! Now I know what all that rignarole to the garden meant."

"Yes, and I found a little water in it, too, and learned that it had last night been left on the floor when Robert declared that he usually hung it up, and on the bottom of it the stupid rainmaker had left a trace of the very clay in which we found the footprints. But I am too fast; for you remember, as I stood at the big tracks, I sighted along over the fence at my umbrella on the lawn."

WALL PAPER.

Another Large Invoice Just Received and Prices Lower Than Ever.

New Patterns **2** Per Roll Upwards.

AT ANDERLE & HINMAN'S.

E. L. Dimick spent Sunday at Eagle River.

T. Korfman, of Milwaukee, visited Rhineland Tuesday.

L. J. Rens, of Wausau, was at the Rapids House Tuesday.

Gray has made another cut in shirt waists, 48c and 60c; ours 25c.

Attend the lecture by Prof. Harvey at the High School room tonight.

Full sized Bed-spreads, hemmed and ready for use. 25c at Gray's.

J. R. Weesner left for his home in Wabash, Ind., Tuesday night.

S. Scudfield, of St. Paul, was selling plumbing goods in this city Tuesday.

You should not fail to read Gray's "ad" every week; it will save you money.

Chester Pingry is spending his vacation in the law office of S. H. Alban.

J. E. Steckle, operator at Monico Junction, was in the city on business last week.

F. L. Steinger, of Chicago, was selling clothing to our merchants this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Gene Griggs, of Saginaw, Mich., spent a few days in this city this week.

J. J. Laughlin and John Daily, of Antigo, were in Rhineland Tuesday on business.

J. E. Abbot, of Florence, was in the city Tuesday attending to some insurance business.

H. A. Stinson, of New York City, was in this city this week taking orders for fur goods.

H. R. Weesner returned from a two weeks' visit with relatives in Indiana Tuesday morning.

Mrs. John Lewis left last week for Waupesa county, where she will spend some time with relatives.

W. O. Finkbine and K. E. Jewett, of Des Moines, Ia., are in the city looking after their lumber business.

J. A. McCarthy, of Stevens Point, is in the city for a short visit with his mother, Mrs. Thos. McDermott, Sr.

Leslie Beers made a trip to Merrill last week on his wheel. He made it in five hours and forty-five minutes.

A. H. Marks and family left yesterday for Tripp's Resort at Maple Grove where they will spend a week rusticating.

Sam Church returned from his Baraboo visit last Saturday and is again dispensing drugs at the Palace Drug Store.

Mrs. Eva Wiley, who has been visiting relatives at the Rapids House, returned on Monday to her home in Bayfield.

Chas. Barnes has taken a position with the firm of C. M. and W. W. Fenelon as bookkeeper. He took the position Tuesday.

The monthly meeting of the Men's Club will be held on Sunday evening at the close of the evening service. All members requested to be present.

A lawn social will be given on Wednesday next by the Congregational ladies at the residence of Mr. S. S. Miller, Pelham street. All cordially invited.

Melting weather! Willing prices! This warm weather has wilted everything and everything including prices on straw hats and summer underwear. Cash Department Store.

S. J. Seabury, of Waukesha, has been here for the past week looking over the Cash Department Store with the view of purchasing an interest in the business.

The law won't let you take off enough clothes to keep cool this kind of weather—so you've got to do the best you can—and the best you can do is to come to the Cash Department Store.

Prof. F. S. Hyer and family arrived in Rhineland Tuesday. They will go to housekeeping in the Hinman residence on Onelia avenue as soon as their household goods arrive.

We have cut and slashed the prices on what summer dress goods we have left until they have dwindled down to almost nothing. Secure some of the bargains at once. Cash Department Store.

Nearly every evening you can see dozens of men, women and boys with their fish poles and lanterns, headed for Lake Creek to fish for bullheads, and they fish until midnight. Last Saturday night a party of five "bullheads," lead by a bullheaded blacksmith, started for Bullhead Lake, where they were to catch hundreds of them. Through potato fields, over brush piles and logs and mud to the neck they traveled for about two hours, and finally found the lake, where, almost devoured by mosquitoes, they fished until midnight, when they took their large string of seven bullheads and started home to tell their wives how many they caught and lost, and how they gave thanks to Mike because he had such poor luck.

Wisconsin, with its charming lakes, its picturesque woods, its fine fishing and hunting grounds, has long been noted as the greatest summer resort state in the union. Thousands of visitors from the south and east spend their annual summer vacation within its borders; and one of the charms that contribute to this result is the unsurpassed fishing grounds afforded. But splendid as are the natural fishing grounds in the state, they are being made each year better. The Wisconsin fish commission is one of the best and its work with the efficient supervision of Superintendent Nevin, is speaking each year for itself. This year there have been planted in the different streams and lakes of the state over 62,000,000 fish of all varieties and each year the number planted is increased, so that the fishing will become better from year to year. It is a work for which the promoters are entitled to much credit.—Marquette Eagle.

The Minnesota State board of pardons has refused to grant a pardon to the Younger brothers, and in doing so complied with the wishes of most of the residents of Minnesota. This is the third time Cole and Jim Younger have tried for a pardon, and for a time it seemed as though this last appeal would be granted, and two more heroes would be given an opportunity to make dates with the leading theatres of the country, but the board wisely decided that they had better remain where they were. The Youngers and their associates made many widows and orphans, and when these people request their pardon it will be time to grant it.

Dress Goods.

Come here first—you've no idea how much money can be saved here on Dress Goods until you see our stock and note our prices. Crusoe's Bargain Dept. Store.

Lost.

July 4, at the railroad crossing, near Solberg's store, a hand bag containing \$5.50 in cash, two gold rings, and a few articles of clothing for a baby. The finder can retain the money if the other articles are returned to this office.

Shoe Attractions.

Keep bright in your mind the freshness and excellence of our Shoe stock. Shoe selling is best done when high quality, style and low prices go hand in hand as they do here. Crusoe's Bargain Dept. Store.

Attention.

WHY SUFFER FROM DEFECTIVE EYE-SIGHT OR IMPROPERLY ADJUSTED GLASSES, THEREBY INKING TOTAL BLINDNESS?

The physicians of the Chicago Clinic are ready and competent to treat all diseases of the eye, ear, nose and throat, and all private diseases of men and women. All direct examinations are free, and it costs you nothing to find out your disability and what they can do for you.

The specialties of the eye department are complicated ones, such as near-sight, far-sight, astigmatism, old right-spasm of the ciliary muscle, cross eyes, granulated lids and all diseases of the eyes. These defects can only be remedied by a careful and thorough examination at the hands of a competent specialist.

None but physicians who have devoted special study to this subject appreciate the vast amount of injury that may be done to the organ of vision by imperfectly correcting and treating its optical defects.

The physicians of the Chicago Clinic may be found at the Rapids House, Rhineland, during the coming week, August 21 to 26th, inclusive. All examinations free.

THE CHICAGO CLINIC.

Rapids House, 65 Washington St., Chicago.

AN OPEN LETTER TO MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

I, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," the same that has borne and does now bear the fac-simile signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* on every bottle of the original "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," which has been used in the homes of the Mothers of America for over thirty years. LOOK CAREFULLY at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought and has the signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher* wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name except The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is President.

March 8, 1897. Samuel Pitcher, M.D.

Do Not Be Deceived.

Do not endanger the life of your child by accepting a cheap substitute which some druggist may offer you (because he makes a few more pennies on it), the ingredients of which even he does not know.

"The Kind You Have Always Bought"

BEARS THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher

Insist on Having
The Kind That Never Failed You.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 27 N. HAWLEY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

Smoker's Heart-burn.

Heart-burn from excessive smoking, or from any other cause, is relieved by the first dose of No. 10; Dr. Humphreys' Specific for Dyspepsia. 25c.—All druggists.

A PROGRESSIVE STATE.

No other state in the Union offers greater inducements for the location of Industries and Manufacturing Plants than Wisconsin, with its limitless Iron Ore deposits, abundance of hardwood Timber, numerous Clay, Kaolin and Marl Beds, and other advantages. The Wisconsin Central Lines penetrate the Center of the State, and Manufacturers can find excellent locations for Plants, with facilities for reaching markets everywhere. Reliable information will be cheerfully furnished upon application to W. H. Killen, Industrial Commissioner, Milwaukee, Wis.

HOME-SEEKERS

will find the lands in Northern Wisconsin desirable and splendid. Hardwood Farming Lands adjacent to the Wisconsin Central Lines can now be purchased at a very low figure and on easy terms. Write for free illustrated pamphlet with maps to Fred'k Abbot, Land Commissioner, Milwaukee, Wis.

H. F. WHITTON, B. JOHNSON, Gen'l. Manager, Gen'l. Frt. Agt. JAS. C. POOD, Gen'l. Pass. Agent, MILWAUKEE, WIS.

CASTORIA.

Chas. H. Fletcher

The Central BARBER SHOP

DUSEL & LEWIS, Proprietors.

The finest and most centrally located shop in the city. THE place for scientific work. The most experienced barbers in the country employed.

Hilber House Block, Brown Street.

THE BANK BARBER SHOP

W. A. CLARK, Proprietor.

New Bank Building, Rhineland.

Steam Heated Bath Rooms.

All work in the tonsorial line done satisfactorily.

Ladies' Hair Dressing a Specialty.

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Poultry, Farm, Garden, Cemetery, Lawn, Railroad and Rabbit Fencing.

Thousands of miles in use. Catalogue Free. Freight Paid. Prices Low.

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Choice Butter and Fresh Eggs received daily

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TRUE SCENIC ROUTE, TO

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C. M. CHAMBERS, Agent, Rhineland, Wisconsin.

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GENERAL Blacksmiths and Horse Shoers.

Fancy Horse Shoeing. Skidding Tongs and Cart-hooks a Specialty. All New Work Made to Order. Give us a Trial.

Shops at E. Rogers' old stand.